

IDENTIFYING DATA OF THE ISSUER		
BENTIFTING DATA OF THE BOOCK		
End date of the reference year:	December 31, 2022	
Tax ID:	A82473018	
Company name:		
RENTA 4 BANCO, S.A.		
Registered office:		
PS. DE LA HABANA N.74 (MADRID)		

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A. OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE

A.1. Complete the following table on the share capital and voting rights attributed, including, if applicable, those corresponding to shares with loyalty voting rights, as of the closing date of the fiscal year:

Indicate whether the Company's articles of association contain a provision for double loyalty voting:

- [] Yes
- [√] No

Date of last change	Share capital (€)	Number of shares	Number of voting rights
September 27, 2011	18,311,941. 35	40,693,203	40,693,203

Indicate whether different types of shares exist with different associated rights:

- [] Yes
- [√] No
- A.2. List the direct and indirect owners of significant shares as of the closing date of the financial year, including the directors who have a significant stake:

Name or company name	% of voting rights attached to the shares		% of voting rights through financial instruments		Total % of voting rights
of the shareholder	Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect	voting rights
MS. MARIA BEATRIZ LOPEZ PERERA	0.00	5.07	0.00	0.00	5.07
MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	6.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.88
INDUMENTA PUERI S.L.	0.00	5.59	0.00	0.00	5.59
MR. OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	0.21	5.57	0.00	0.00	5.77
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	7.64	31.93	0.00	0.00	39.56



Details of the indirect stake:

Name or company name of the indirect holder	Name or company name of the direct holder	% of voting rights attached to the shares	% of voting rights through financial instruments	Total % of voting rights
INDUMENTA PUERI S.L.	GLOBAL PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS SL	5.59	0.00	5.59
MS. MARIA BEATRIZ LOPEZ PERERA	CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS, S.A.	5.07	0.00	5.07
MR. OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	0.57	0.00	0.57
MR. OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	MOBEL LINEA S.L.	2.31	0.00	2.31
MR. OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	LORA DE INVERSIONES S.L.	2.69	0.00	2.69
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	SOCIEDAD VASCO MADRILEÑA DE INVERSIONES, S.L.	24.39	0.00	24.39
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	SURIKOMI S.A	3.11	0.00	3.11
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	MS. MATILDE ESTADES SECO	2.40	0.00	2.40

Indicate the most significant movements in the shareholder structure during the year:

Most significant movements

- (i) It is clarified that during the 2022 financial year Mr Juan Carlos Ureta transferred a significant part from his direct shareholding to his indirect shareholding, but without a significant alteration in his overall position.
- (ii) Ms Matilde Ureta Estades, Mr Juan Carlos Ureta Estades and Ms Inés Asunción Ureta Estades exercise their voting rights directly, although there is a family agreement to exercise them in jointly with their father, Mr Juan Carlos Ureta Estades.
- (iii) It is clarified that Mr. Juan Carlos Ureta owns 21% of the shares of the Managers Portfolio 2020, all of the voting rights of this company are held by Mr. Juan Luis López.
- (iv) During the period, Santander Asset Management, S.A., SGIIC, through Santander Small Caps, FI, reduced its position to 2.91% of the share capital. Previously it held 3%.



A.3. List, regardless of the percentage, the stake at year-end of the members of the Board of Directors who are the owners voting rights attributed to shares of the Company or through financial instruments, excluding the Board Members identified in section A.2 above:

Name or company name of the director	% votin attached shares (i loyalty	d to the ncluding	% of voting rights through financial instruments		Total % of voting rights	Of the total % of voting rights attached to the shares, indicate, if applicable, the % of additional votes attached to the shares that correspond to actions with loyalty voting rights	
	Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect		Direct	Indirect
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	0.43	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00	0.00
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	1.41	2.64	0.00	0.00	4.05	0.00	0.00
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00
MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00
MS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00
MS. MARÍA DEL PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00
MS. PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS-ZUÑIGA	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.01	0.00	0.00
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	0.33	0.91	0.00	0.00	1.24	0.00	0.00
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00	0.00
MR JOSÉ SEVILLA ÁLVAREZ	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.00
MR RAFAEL NAVAS LANCHAS	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00



total % of voting rights owned by members of the Board of Directors	4
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In the total voting rights held by the Board of Directors, the shareholding of Mr Juan Carlos Ureta Domingo is added, although it does not appear in A.3 as it is already reported in A.2.

Details of the indirect stake:

Name or company name of the director	Name or company name of the direct holder	% voting rights attached to the shares (including loyalty voting)	% of voting rights through financial instruments	Total % of voting rights	Of the total % of voting rights attributed to the shares, indicate, if applicable, the % of the additional votes attached which correspond to the shares with loyalty voting rights
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	KURSAAL 2000, S.L.	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.00
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	MS MATILDE FERNANDEZ DE MIGUEL	0.89	0.00	0.89	0.00
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	IGE-6, S.L	0.64	0.00	0.64	0.00
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	FUNDACION GONZALEZ ENCISO	1.11	0.00	1.11	0.00
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2020, S.A.	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2011, S.A.	0.06	0.00	0.06	0.00

Detail the total percentage of voting rights represented on the Board:

% of total voting rights represented on the Board of Directors	11.95
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46.14



The voting rights represented on the Board of Directors include the position of the shareholders MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA and CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS, S.A., represented by Mr Rafael Navas Lanchas and Mr Eduardo López Chacón, respectively.

A.4. Indicate, as applicable, any family, commercial, contractual or corporate relationships between owners of significant stakes, insofar as these are known by the company, unless they are insignificant or arise from ordinary trading or exchange activities, except for those reported in section A.6:

Name or company name of the related party	Type of relationship	Brief description
No data		

A.5. Indicate, as applicable, any commercial, contractual or corporate relationships between owners of significant stakes, and the company and/or its group, unless they are insignificant or arise from ordinary trading or exchange activities:

Name or company name of the related party	Type of relationship	Brief description
No data		

A.6. Describe the relationships, unless insignificant for both parties, between the significant shareholders, or represented shareholders, on the Board and the directors, or their representatives, when the administrators are a legal entity.

Explain, where appropriate, how the significant shareholders are represented. In particular, specify any directors who have been appointed to represent significant shareholders, those whose appointment was promoted by significant shareholders, or those who were related to significant shareholders and/or entities in their group, indicating the nature of such relationship. In particular, indicate, where appropriate, the existence, identity and position of Board members or directors' representatives of the listed company who are also members of the management

body, or their representatives, in companies with a significant stake in the listed company o in companies of the group of such significant shareholders:

Name or company name of the director or representative, related	Name or company name of the significant related shareholder	Company name of the significant shareholder's group company	Description of the relationship/position
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS, S.A.	CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS, S.A.	CHAIRMAN - CEO
MR RAFAEL NAVAS LANCHAS	MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	REPRESENTATIVE OF THE SIGNIFICANT SHAREHOLDER ON RENTA 4 BOARD OF DIRECTORS
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	SOCIEDAD VASCO MADRILEÑA DE INVERSIONES, S.L.	SOCIEDAD VASCO MADRILEÑA DE INVERSIONES, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF THE SIGNIFICANT



Name or company name of	Name or company name of	Company name of the	
the director or	the significant	significant shareholder's	Description of the
representative, related	related shareholder	group company	relationship/position
			ON RENTA 4 BOARD OF
			DIRECTORS

						DIRECTORS	
A.7.	Indicate whether the company has been notified of any shareholders' agreements pursuant to Articles 530 and 531 of the Spanish Limited Liability Companies Law. If so, provide a brief description and list the shareholders that are party to the agreement:						
		Yes No					
	Indicate wheth brief description			vare of the existe	ence of any joint actions amon	g its shareholders. Give a	
		Yes No					
	Expressly indica year:	ate any (amendments	to or termination	of such covenants, agreemer	nts or joint actions during the	
None.						-	
A.8.				•	ently exercise control or could e et Law. If so, identify:	exercise control over the	
		Yes No					
				Name or cor	mpany name		
UAN (N CARLOS URETA DOMINGO						

Name or company name	
JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	

The direct and indirect stake in the share capital is 39.546%

A.9. Complete the following tables on the company's treasury shares:

At the end of the fiscal year:

Number of	Number of shares	Total % out of	
direct shares	indirect(*)	share capital	
72,590		0.18	



(*)	Th	ro	ua	h	ľ

Name or company name of the direct holder of the stake	Number of direct shares
No data	

A.10. Give details of the applicable conditions and current timeline for the general meeting to authorise the Board of Directors to issue, buy back or transfer treasury shares:

On 27 April 2018, the General Meeting of Shareholders adopted the following resolution: "The Board of Directors is authorised, with express power of substitution – even if this could lead to self-hiring or despite opposing interest – to carry out the derivative acquisition of the Company's treasury shares, directly or indirectly through the Company's group entities, and as deemed convenient in the light of the circumstances, subject to Article 146 and the following articles in the revised text of the Corporate Act and other applicable regulations. The minimum acquisition price or consideration will be equal to the nominal value of the treasury shares acquired, and the maximum acquisition price or consideration will be equal to the shares purchased in an official secondary market on the date of acquisition. At no time may the par value of the shares directly or indirectly purchased, added to those already held by the Company and its subsidiaries, exceed 10% of the subscribed share capital or the maximum amount that may be established by law. The types of purchase may include sale and purchase, swap, donation, allocation or payment in kind or any other type of transaction for consideration according to the circumstances. This authorisation is granted for a period of five years. It is hereby stated for the record that the authorization granted to acquire treasury shares may be used, in whole or in part, for the delivery or transmission thereof to directors or employees of the Company or of companies belonging to the Company's group, either directly or as a result of the exercise by the former of option rights, all within the framework of the duly approved remuneration systems indexed to the Company's share price. For this, the Board of Directors is authorised, with express power to substitute the members of the Board as deemed convenient, included the Secretary and the Vice Secretary of the Board, as extensively as necessary to apply for authorisations and adopt as many resolutions as necessary or convenient under

A.11. Estimated floating capital:

	%
Estimated floating capital	28.00

A.12. Give details of any restrictions (statutory, legal or otherwise) on the transfer of securities and/or voting rights. In particular, detail the existence of any kinds of restrictions that could hinder the company takeover through the purchase of its shares in the market, as well as any prior authorisation or communication rules that, with regard to the purchase or transfer of financial instruments in the company, would be applicable under the industry regulations.

[√] Yes [] No

Description of the restrictions

Renta 4 Banco, S.A., as a credit institution, is subject to Article 17 of the Spanish Law 10/2014, of 26 June on the organisation, supervision and solvency of credit institutions and its development regulations, including Royal Decree 84/2015 of 13 February that develops said law and Circular 5/2010 of 28 September issued by the Bank of Spain. In this regard, when a person (natural or legal, alone or jointly with other persons) decides to purchase (directly or indirectly) a significant stake in a credit institution such that

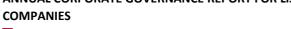
they acquire a percentage of voting rights or owned share capital equal to or above 20, 30 or 50% or if by virtue of the acquisition such person will gain control of the



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are amended.

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credit institution as described in Article 42 of the Code of Commerce, such person will be required to the Bank of Spain of this beforehand and will need prior authorisation for the acquisition/transmission their stake in the share capital of the credit institution.

A.13.		ther the general meeting has resolved to adopt neutralisation measures to address a by virtue of the provisions of Law 6/2007.
	[] [√]	Yes No
	If applicable, enforceable:	explain the measures approved and the terms under which these restrictions may be non-
A.14.	Indicate whe	ther the company has issued securities not traded in a regulated market of the European Union.
	[√]	Yes No
	Where applic	cable, state the various classes of shares, and the rights and obligations attached to each class:
SHAR	EHOLDERS MEETI	NG
B.1.		state, if any, the differences with respect to the minimums stipulated in the Spanish Limited Liability aw (LSC) with regard to the quorum required for the constitution of the general meeting:
	[] [√]	Yes No
B.2.		, as applicable, describe any differences between the company's system of adopting corporate and the framework established in the Spanish Limited Liability Companies Law (LSC):
	[Yes No
В.З.		rules governing amendments to the company's bylaws. In particular, indicate the majorities mend the bylaws and, if applicable, the rules for protecting shareholders' rights when the bylaws

Pursuant to Article 21 of the Company Bylaws ("Bylaws"), "any amendments to the Company Bylaws, will require, on first call, the attendance of shareholders, in person or represented, with at least fifty percent (50%) of the subscribed capital with voting rights and, on second call, the attendance of twenty-five percent (25%) of such capital", foreseeing, for the valid adoption of the corresponding resolution, that when on second call the meeting is attended by shareholders who make up twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the subscribed capital with voting rights but less than fifty percent (50%), the resolutions will only be validly adopted with the vote in favour of two thirds of the share capital, present or represented at the General Meeting. Similar provisions are included in Article 12 of the Regulations of the General Meeting of Shareholders (the "General Meeting Regulations"), in its Article 25.3.c), which provides that the amendment of the Bylaws should be put to vote to the shareholders separately to allow the shareholders to exercise their voting preferences individually, and this should apply to all other matters that are materially independent, including amendments to the Bylaws.



[√]

No

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Finally, Article 26 of the Regulations of the General Shareholders' Meeting establishes that, in order to agree on any modification of the Bylaws, if the capital present or represented exceeds fifty percent (50%), it shall be sufficient for the resolution to be adopted by absolute majority, requiring the favourable vote of two thirds of the capital present or represented at the General Shareholders' Meeting when, at second call, shareholders representing twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the subscribed capital with voting rights are present without reaching fifty percent (50%).

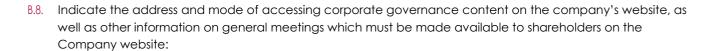
B.4. Indicate the attendance figures for the general meetings held during the year and those of the two previous fiscal years:

	Attendance information				
Date of General Meeting	% of	% in	% remote	voting	Total
, and the second	attendance in person	represented	Electronic voting	Other s	
April 27, 2018	42.81	28.12	0.00	0.00	70.93
Of which Floating Capital	1.58	9.89	0.00	0.00	11.47
April 29, 2019	48.13	19.61	0.00	0.00	67.74
Of which Floating Capital	1.72	6.40	0.00	0.00	8.12
April 27, 2020	33.06	7.83	0.00	31.13	72.02
Of which Floating Capital	0.04	2.64	0.00	12.89	15.57
October 26, 2020	33.48	16.78	0.00	24.59	74.85
Of which Floating Capital	0.04	7.79	0.00	12.04	19.87
March 26, 2021	0.00	1.46	0.00	66.56	68.02
Of which Floating Capital	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.03	6.03
March 30, 2022	40.13	27.90	0.06	1.91	70.00
Of which Floating Capital	0.47	1.85	0.03	1.91	4.26

B.5. B.6.	Specify if there have been any items on the agenda at the General Meetings held during the year that, for whichever reason, were not adopted by the shareholders:			
	[] [√]	Yes No		
B.6.		whether the bylaws contain any restrictions with respect to a minimum number of shares required to eneral meetings or to vote remotely:		
	[]	Yes No		

3.7.	Indicate if	there is a rule establishing that certain decisions, other than those established by Law, that involve
	the purch	ase, disposal, contribution to another company of key assets or other similar corporate operations,
	should be	put to vote at the General Meeting of Shareholders:
	r 1	Voc
	[]	Yes





Corporate website: https://www.renta4banco.com/es/

Information on corporate governance and other information on the general meetings can be found on the website in the "Corporate Governance" section, located at the top of the corporate website. This section contains all the corporate information on the subject in accordance with current legislation.



C. STRUCTURE OF THE COMPANY'S GOVERNING BODY

C.1. Board of Directors

C.1.1 The maximum and minimum number of directors stipulated in the Company Bylaws and the number stipulated by the General Meeting:

Maximum number of directors	15
Minimum number of directors	5
Number of directors stipulated by the General Meeting	

C.1.2 Fill in the following table with the Board members' particulars:

Name or company name of the director	Representative	Category of the director	Position on the Board	Date of first appointment	Date of last appointment	Appointment procedure
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA		Independent	INDEPENDENT LEAD DIRECTOR	April 28, 2015	April 29, 2019	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDER S
MS. MARÍA DEL PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA		Independent	DIRECTOR	October 28, 2021	March 30, 2022	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDER S
MS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO		Independent	DIRECTOR	April 28, 2017	March 26, 2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDER S
MS PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS- ZUÑIGA		Independent	DIRECTOR	November 30, 2021	March 30, 2022	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDER S
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO		Executive	CHAIRMAN	August 20, 1999	March 26, 2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDER





DE VALORES					S
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	Proprietary	DIRECTOR	April 28, 2017	March 26, 2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDER S
MR PEDRO ANGEL	Other External	VICE-PRESIDENT	August 20, 2000	March 26, 2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL



Name or company name of the director	Representative	Category of the director	Position on the Board	Date of first appointment	Date of last appointment	Appointment procedure
NAVARRO MARTINEZ						MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS
MS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO		Independent	DIRECTOR	April 29, 2019	April 29, 2019	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDER S
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA		Executive	CEO	September 27, 2011	March 26, 2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDER S
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ		Executive	DIRECTOR	May 26, 2000	March 26, 2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDER S
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO		Executive	DIRECTOR	August 20, 1999	March 26, 2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDER S
MR RAFAEL NAVAS LANCHAS		Proprietary	DIRECTOR	March 30, 2022	March 30, 2022	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDER S
MR JOSÉ SEVILLA ÁLVAREZ		Independent	DIRECTOR	March 30, 2022	March 30, 2022	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDER S
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES		Proprietary	DIRECTOR	March 30, 2022	March 30, 2022	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDER S







Indicate any resignations from the Board of Directors during the reporting period, whether due to resignation or by resolution of the General Shareholders' Meeting:

Name or company name of the director	Category of the director when they left	Date of last appointment	Date of departure	Special committees the director was a member of	Indicate whether the director left before the end of their office
MR PEDRO FERRERAS DIEZ	Other External	April 28, 2017	November 19, 2021	No	YES
MS SARAH MARIE HARMON	Independent	April 20, 2020	May 25, 2021	Member of the Audit and Control Committee and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee.	YES

C.1.3 Complete the following tables on board members and their respective categories:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS			
Name or company name of the director	Position in the company organisation chart	Profil e	
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	CHAIRMAN	Mr Ureta has a degree in Law-Economy (Lawyer specialising in Economics) by Deusto University. As State Attorney (1980 examination), he worked for the Ministry of Economy and Treasury (1980 -1984). He has been a Stockbroker of the Madrid Stock Exchange since 1986 (number 1 in his year). Mr Ureta was the Chairman of the Instituto Español de Analistas Financieros from 2010 to 2016 and of the Fundación de Estudios Financieros from 2010 to 2016. Between 1996 and 2003 he was a member of the Board of Directors of the Servicio de Compensación y Liquidación de Valores (Iberclear) and was the chairman of such service in 2002. He was also a member of the Board of Directors and the Standing Committee of the Sociedad Rectora de la Bolsa de Madrid from 1989 until 2019. Mr Ureta is also a member of the Board of Directors of Bolsas y Mercados Españoles (BME) from 2002 to 2006, and from 2018 to 2020, member of the Board of Directors of Indra Sistemas (1998- 2007) Spanish leading company in information technology; and member of the Advisory Board of Lucent Technologies in Spain (1996 and 2001). He is currently a member of the Board of Directors of Saint Croix Holding Immobilier, Socimi, S.A. In addition to being the author of numerous publications specializing in legal and financial matters, Mr. Ureta is a consultant to several Spanish and foreign business groups.	



		EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS
Name or company name of the director	Position in the company organisation chart	Profil e
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	CEO	Mr. López García holds a degree in Economics and Business Administration from the Complutense University of Madrid. From 1980 to 1986, he worked as a financial analyst at BANIF. After this period, he moved to Banco Hispano Urquijo in London (Risk Department) for 10 months. In 1987 he joined Urquijo Gestión de Patrimonios as a portfolio manager and manager of Collective Investment Institutions. Subsequently (1988 -1991) he worked as a portfolio manager at GESBANZANO, SGIIC (Banco Zaragozano Group), and subsequently developed his activity as an independent professional advising institutions, especially in the non-for-profit sector (1991-1997). In 1997 he joined Renta 4 where he was appointed as General Manager in March 2004. From 2006 until 2007 he was Chairman of Renta 4 Pensiones EGFP S.A. Until March 2011 he was Chairman and CEO of Renta 4 Gestora, SGIIC, S.A. and General Manager of Renta 4 Servicios de Inversión, S.A. where he has taken on different functions. At present, Mr Juan Luis López is a member of the Board of Directors of Renta 4 Pensiones SGFP, S.A. and Renta 4 Banco, S.A. and has also been CEO of the latter since January 2015.
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	GENERAL MANAGER	Mr Sánchez-Quiñones has a degree in Business Management and Administration by ICADE and a Master's degree in Tax and Economic Studies by CECO. He was in charge of the management (and attendance) of all courses and seminars organised by Aula Financiera & Fiscal from 1991 to 2004. Since 2012, Mr. Sánchez-Quiñones has been General Manager at Renta 4 Banco, being the head of the areas of Business, Markets, Asset Management, Online Intermediation, Corporate Finance, Research, Marketing and Private Banking. From 2006 to 2012, he held the position of General Manager at Renta 4 S.V., being the head of the areas of Business, Markets, Asset Management, Online Intermediation, Corporate Finance, Research, Marketing and Private Equity Management. Since 2000, he has been Director at Renta 4 Servicios de Inversión (Holding), where he had a significant degree of involvement in the company's IPO (2007). In 1991 he founded (and was the Administrator of) Aula Financiera & Fiscal, S.L. a company specialising in training professionals from the Private Banking and Equity Management sector in tax and financial matters, most of them inspectors from the General Tax Department. Between 2004-2006 he was Chairman of Renta 4 S.G.I.I.C., S.A. and General Manager at Renta 4 S.V. In 1996 (until 2000) he was Assistant Manager of the Chairman of Renta 4 S.V. and had previously worked as Manager of the analysis department, Operator of the derivatives desk and international contracting and

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		EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS			
Name or company name of the director	Position in the company organisation chart	Profil e			
		Analyst of the Corporate Finance department. Besides being the coauthor of many publications and taking part in different work teams (e.g. CNMV or BME), is a member, among other organisations, of the Economic Advisors Group, the Spanish Institute of Financial Analysts, and a regular speaker at courses and seminars organized by different institutions (e.g. the Economics and Financial Policy Committee of the CEOE). Since April 2019 he is also a Director of KOBUS PARTNERS MANAGEMENT SGEIC, S.A.			
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	REGIONAL DIRECTOR	After training as a lawyer, his career has been linked to the business world, taking on management roles and being part of governing bodies in different companies, mainly within the financial and real-estate market. In this field, he joined Manglo, S.A. as Sales Manager in 1982 where he supervised the Finances and HR Department. Mr González was then appointed Director from 1985 until 1996. He was also Sole Administrator at Miralpáramo, S.L. He joined Renta 4 in 1991 as Regional Manager at Renta 4 SV in Valladolid and Regional Manager at Renta 4 SV in Castilla y León. He is currently Manager at Renta 4 Valladolid; Regional Manager at Renta 4 Castilla y León; Director of Renta 4 Banco; Director of Renta 4 S.V., S.A; Chairman of the Board of Directors of Auditórium Privatum S.L; and CEO of I.G.E-6,S.L. Furthermore, Mr González Enciso is a financial advisor and trustee of several non-profit foundations and associations, and member of the Social Board at the University of Valladolid. He is currently Manager at Renta 4 in Valladolid; Regional Manager at Renta 4 in Castilla y León and Chairman of Renta 4 Banco, SA:			
Total number o	f executive directors	4			

	EXTERNAL PROPRIETARY DIRECTORS			
Name or company name of the director	Name or company name of the significant shareholder they represent or who has proposed their appointment	Profil e		
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS, S.A.	Mr Chacón has a degree in Business and Economics Sciences by the University of Extremadura (1995) having studied the first two years at the University of Valladolid and has a degree in Business Senior		

28.57

% out of the total of the board



	EXT	ERNAL PROPRIETARY DIRECTORS
Name or company name of the director	Name or company name of the significant shareholder they represent or who has proposed their appointment	Profil e
		Management by the San Telmo Business School, Seville (1997). He also attended a course on Senior Management, PAD (2008) by the Extremadura Business School of which he is founder and owner. Since 1995 he has been CEO of a group of family businesses from Extremadura that specialise in managing different services: street cleaning, maintenance, upkeep and cleaning of property, car parks and signposting, with a workforce of about eight hundred people, of which an approximate ten percent is disabled. He has been a member of the Business Advisory Board of Extremadura Mutua Fremap since 1997, and is also Director of Sociedad Cacereña de Parking, S.L. He was a member of the Governing Body of Caja Rural of Almendralejo, a credit cooperative society, from December 2013 to April 2017. He has also taken other courses on different subjects including Environment, Urban Waste Management and Treatment, trained to transport goods by road and other courses on Family business management, Leadership skills and Technical analysis of financial markets. He regularly attends high-level training courses and is especially interested in matters related to business strategy, team management, family businesses and the parallelism between the management of the sports world and the business world.
MR RAFAEL NAVAS LANCHAS	MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	Mr Navas Lanchas (natural person representing the Foundation) has a degree in Economic Sciences (1986) and Insurance Actuary (1986) by the Complutense University. He has also taken several courses on the Liquidation of Insurance Companies in UNESPA (July 1991); insurance and reinsurance in general and other specific courses on life insurance and pension funds; and Internal Control and solvency II of insurance companies. Basic skills in office software, Internet, email and actuary calculation software (ACTUS). Since 2013, he has been the General Manager of Mutualidad General de la Abogacía, having acted as Assistant General Manager the previous year. From 2006 to 2012 Mr Navas was Deputy General Manager of Mutualidad General de la Abogacía (since 2008 Deputy General Manager of the Financial Area of Mutualidad General de la Abogacía in charge of the departments of Financial Investments, Real-estate investments, Accountancy and Actuary Department; and from 2006 to 2008, Deputy General Manager coordinating all the departments in Mutualidad). He was also the Head of the Technical Actuary Department of Mutualidad General de la Abogacía (1991-2006). Previously Mr Navas had worked at Ernst Young as an auditor (insurance and finance sector,



	EXT	ERNAL PROPRIETARY DIRECTORS
Name or company name of the director	Name or company name of the significant shareholder they represent or who has proposed their appointment	Profil e
		1990-1991) and at Espacontrol Deloitte where he also worked as an auditor (1987-1990).
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	PROA CAPITAL DE INVERSIONES SGEIC, S.A.	Mr. Ureta Estades holds a Double Degree in Business Administration and Management and Law (ICADE 3), from the Universidad Pontificia de Comillas, having completed a course in Corporate Finance (AF Finance 250) at the London School of Economics during the double degree, and obtained a diploma in Communication Skills and Foreign Language Studies. He is also certified by the CFA (Chartered Financial Analyst) Institute and the EFPA (European Financial Planning Association) as a European Investment Assistant. Between July 2018 and October 2020, Mr. Ureta Estades worked at JP Morgan as an analyst, being rated at the investment bank in the highest group of EMEA (Europe Middles East and Africa) analysts, mainly focused on advising on mergers and acquisitions (M&A). Since November 2020, Mr. Ureta Estades has worked at ProA Capital de Inversiones SGEIC, S.A., as an associate in the Investment team. Previously, in June and July 2016, he worked as an intern at ING Wholesale Banking, an investment bank, in Madrid. During the summer of 2015, he worked at W4I Investment Funds in London, and at a Renta4 group company: Renta 4 Gestora, SGIIC, S.A. (June 2015):
Total number of	proprietary directors	3

Total number of proprietary directors	3
% out of the total of the board	21.43

	EXTERNAL INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS		
Name or company name of the director	Profil e		
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	Mr Rubio has held different positions of responsibility during his professional career. In particular, he started his career working at the headquarters of Marks & Spencer in London. Then between 1975 and 1982 he was General Secretary and Secretary to the Board of Directors as well as Manager of the Legal Consultancy department for a group of family-run companies in the building, property development, housing, mining and electrical supply sector. In 1982 he founded the law firm 'Mateu de Ros, Ramón y Cajal & Rubio', today known as 'Ramón y Cajal Abogados', where he remained until 1994 where he mainly developed international business, participating in various transactions of Spanish companies public offering in London, introducing foreign investors to Spanish listed companies, organising presentations of the Spanish Chamber of Commerce in London, and advising		

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	EXTERNAL INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS
Name or company name of the director	Profil e
	different listed companies, among others, 'BNP Securities', 'Ask Securities' and 'Map Securities', all from London. He has been a director at entities such as 'Mediterranean Fund' managed by 'Lombard Odier y Cia.' and Secretary of the Board of Directors at 'Ascorp, S.A.' a listed company of the 'Grupo Cooperativo Mondragón', and has held various other positions as Director in other companies dedicated to strategic management, real estate services as well as from within the health sector. From 1995 to 1998, he was CEO of the 'Previasa' insurance group. From 1998 to 2014 he was Executive Vice Chairman and CEO of 'Grupo Hospitalario Quirón'. In June 2012, for the statutory period of one year, he was appointed President of the 'Instituto para el Desarrollo e Integración de la Sanidad' (IDIS), and in July 2012 and until 2014, Executive Vice President and Chief Executive Officer of 'USP Hospitales'. He currently holds the position of Executive Vice President at 'Philyra, S.A.'. Mr. Rubio holds a Law Degree from the Complutense University of Madrid (1974) and completed his training with various disciplines in Political Science from the Complutense University of Philyra, S.A.
MS. MARÍA DEL PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA	She holds a degree in Mathematics with a major in Statistics at the Complutense University of Madrid. From 1988 to 1989 she worked as a consultant at Accenture, from 1991 to 1993 she was a senior consultant at A.KEARNEY, in 1993 she became a member of the Chairman's Office and Strategic Planning at Banco Santander, in 1995 she was Director of Customer Service at Vodafone and from 1999 to 2021 Founder, main shareholder and President of Grupo Unisono. She received the 2016 FEDEPE Best Businesswoman award, and the 2008 IWEC Award (International Women's Entrepreneurial Challenge, www.iwecawards.com) in New York. She received recognition by the Chambers of Commerce of Barcelona, New York, New Delhi and Johannesburg for women's entrepreneurial work. Member of IESE's National Students' Committee, since 2007, Honorary Master's Degree from the European Business School, 2012. She appeared in the study of "El Mundo": the 500 most powerful women in Spain 2018, among the most influential in the World of technology, Silver Medal of Merit for sport 2005, by Castilla-La Mancha, trustee of Codespa, 2018, an international NGO that promotes entrepreneurship in underdeveloped countries, a member of the Circle of Orellana, a not-for-profit foundation that aims to promote female talent, a member of the global Executive Committee and Circle of CEOs of DCH and member of the Generation Foundation.
MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	She finished her degree in Business Sciences by the Autónoma University of Madrid in 1997 and her MBA by the Instituto de Empresa in 1998. In 1999 she became exports manager in charge of the European market and of opening new markets, meeting new trade partners and attending international fairs for Perfumería GAL, S.A. From 1999 until 2001 she was external consultant at DPB Consultores and was the Financial Head of the NGO-German Agro Action (Luanda, Angola) from 2003 to 2004. In 2011 (to date) she was appointed Chairwoman of the JUSTE Group which is a Spanish industrial group with family capital and over 90 years' experience in research, development, manufacturing and selling pharmaceutical and chemical-pharmaceutical products.
MS PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS-ZUÑIGA	Holds a bachelor's degree from CEU San Pablo University in Madrid and an MBA from the Open University, UK. An executive expert with a long professional career in the technology field working in multinational environments with a special dedication to technological innovation and



	EXTERNAL INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS					
Name or company name of the director	Profil e					
	organisational efficiency. She has worked at IBM Corporation for more than 25 years, for 12 of which he has had senior responsibilities in Europe and globally, with Executive Vice-President of IBM Global Digital Sales Services, Cloud and Security based in New York being his last executive responsibility until 2016. She was General Manager in Spain of the company Insa (currently ViewNext) and Softinsa in Portugal for 5 years, an entity specialised in the development of applications and infrastructure services. She has been a member of the Management Committee of IBM Spain and Portugal, IBM Southwest Europe and Insa, leading IBM Global Committees for management and transformation in strategic, commercial and internal process optimisation areas worldwide. She is currently Chairwoman of the Board of Trustees of the "Fundación Caja de Extremadura" (Liberbank), an independent director of Amadeus and a member of its audit committee.					
MS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO	Ms. Aznar Cornejo holds a degree in Economics and Business Administration from the Abad Oliba University of Barcelona (specializing in Business Economics). Since 2005 Ms. Gemma has held the position of General Manager at Mary Kay Cosmetics Spain, where she has mainly developed management functions through different departments (Finance, Marketing, Sales, Operations and HR), as well as multiple strategies, Including: commercial, marketing, internal, cost control and analysis of variables. From the end of 1998 to the end of 2004, he held the position of Senior Analyst in Corporate Banking in the Risk Division of Banco Santander, S.A., where he carried out, among others functions, the financial and operational analysis for large corporations in different sectors. Previously (May 1996 to September 1998) he was a Corporate Banking analyst at Banco Central Hispano in London, where he developed financial and economic analysis functions for multinational groups, and served as a liaison with the client to understand their needs. In addition to speaking Spanish, English and Catalan, Mrs. Aznar has taken various courses and programmes that complement her main training, including the 'International Business' course (City of London Polytechnic), the 'Techniques and Analysis of Stock Market Transactions' course (Barcelona Stock Exchange and Abad Oliba), and the 'Advance Management Programme' (AMP) (ESADE).					
MR JOSÉ SEVILLA ÁLVAREZ	Mr. Sevilla holds a degree in Economics and Business Administration from CUNEF. He worked at Bankia from 2014 to 2021, until the merger of Bankia with Caixabank, being CEO of Bankia and Director of BFA Tenedora de Acciones SAU. In 2012, he joined Bankia as Executive Director and General Manager, being responsible for the areas of Intervention, Risks, Finance and Internal Audit. He was Chairman of the Delegate Risk Committee of the Board of Directors until 2021. Mr Sevilla was with BBVA from 1997 to 2009, becoming a Director of BBVA Bancomer (Mexico) and a member of the Management Committee. In addition, he held the positions of Director of Risks at BBVA from 2006 to 2009 and Director of the Chairman's Area and member of the Management Committee from 2003 to 2006. He also held the positions of Business Development Director (2001 to 2003), Director of Strategy and Finance for the Americas Area of the Group (1998 to 2001) and also worked in the Business Development Unit from 1997 to 1998. He was also Senior Equity Analyst of European banks at Merrill Lynch (1995 to 1997), Analyst of Spanish banks and head of the Equity Research Department at FG Inversiones Bursátiles (1985 to 1989) and Junior Auditor at Arthur Andersen (1988 and 1989).					



Total number of independent directors	6
% out of the total of the board	42.86

List any independent directors who receive from the company or group any amount or payment other than standard director remuneration or who maintain or have maintained during the period in question a business relationship with the company or any group company, either in their own name or as a significant shareholder, director or senior officer of an entity which maintains or has maintained this relationship.

If applicable, include a statement from the board detailing the reasons why it believes this director may carry out duties as an independent director.

Name or company name of the director	Description of the relationship	Reasoned statement
No data		

Identify the other external directors and explain why these directors may not be considered proprietary or independent directors, and what their connection is with the Company, its managers or its shareholders:

OTHER EXTERNAL DIRECTORS

unectors, and what their connection is with the company, its managers of its shareholders:						
Name or company name of the director	Reason	Company, director or shareholders to which this person is linked	Profil e			
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	Has exceeded the 12-year limit to hold the position of independent Director.	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	Mr Navarro is an industrial engineer by the Polytechnic University of Barcelona. He also has an MBA by ESADE and a Master's degree in Finances by the Texas Tech University (USA). He began his career by working for two years and a half at Texas Instruments Inc. in Dallas (USA) and Nice (France). Mr Navarro then worked for a year at Honeywell Bull Spain. In 1972 he joined Accenture (formerly Arthur Andersen) where he remained until 2001. In Accenture he held the positions of Office Managing Partner in the office in Barcelona, then Chairman for Spain, CEO for Southern Europe and CEO of the Financial Entities sector for Europe, Latin America and			



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Identify the other external directors and explain why these directors may not be considered proprietary or independent directors, and what their connection is with the Company, its managers or its shareholders:

•	<u> </u>		
Name or company		Company, director or	
name of the director	Reason	shareholders to which	Profil
		this person is linked	e
			Africa. He was a member of the
			World Board for ten years, from 1990
			until 2000. Mr.
			Navarro is currently an Independent
			Director of Renta 4 Banco, S.A. and
			Jazztel PLC; Executive Vice President
			of the Trust of ESADE and Vice
			President of CEDE (Spanish
			Confederation of Managers and
			Executives). Mr Navarro also belongs
			to the Business Circle and the
			Institute of Directors and
			Administrators (ICA).

Total number of other external directors	1
% out of the total of the board	7.14

Indicate any changes in the status of each director that may have occurred during the year:

Name or company name of the director	Date of change	Prior category	Current category
No data			

C.1.4 Complete the following table with the information on the number of female directors over the past 4 years and their category:

	Number of female board members			cat	% of total egory	directors of e	ach	
	Financial	Financial	Financial	Financial	Financial	Financial	Financial	Financial
	year	year	year	year	year	year	year	year
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2022	2021	2020	2019
Executive					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Proprietary					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Independent	4	4	3	3	100.00	80.00	75.00	75.00
Other External Female Directors					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	4	4	3	3	28.57	33.33	25.00	25.00



[]

ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT FOR LISTED **COMPANIES**

C.1.5	Indicate whether the company has diversity policies in place for its Board of Directors with regards to age, gender, disability, education or work experience, among other matters. Small and medium businesses, as described by the Auditing Law, should at least report about the policy they have established to ensure gender diversity.
[]	Yes

No [\[\] Partial policies

> If this is the case, describe the diversity policies, their targets, measures and the way they have been implemented and their outcome in the fiscal year. Also indicate the specific measures taken by the Board of Directors and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee to ensure a balanced and diverse ratio of directors.

Should the company not have a diversity policy in place, explain the reasons for it.

Description of policies, targets, measures and way they have been implemented, as well as their outcome.

In accordance with the provisions of Article 33.2 of the Articles of Association, Article 9 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors (the "Board Regulations") stipulates that "the Board of Directors shall ensure that the procedures for the selection of its members favour diversity in terms of matters related to age, gender, different abilities, knowledge, training or professional experience, and do not suffer from any implicit bias that could imply any discrimination and, in particular, that they facilitate the appointment of female directors in such a number that enables a balance representation of men and women in the Company, always in support of the interests of the Company". The Board of Directors has entrusted this function to the Appointments and Remuneration Committee ("ARC") as described in Article 32.3(g) of the Board Regulations, where it indicates, among other functions assigned to the ARC, that it should "Ensure that the director appointment procedures do not discriminate in terms of gender diversity, set a representation target for the least represented gender and prepare guidelines on how to reach such target".

During the 2022 financial year, the ARC, in application of the diversity policies, at the proposal of the ARC and following a report from the latter and the Board, agreed to ratify the appointments, by co-optation, of Ms Pilar García Ceballos-Zúñiga and Ms María del Pino Velázquez Medina as independent directors of the Company, as agreed at the meetings of the Board of Directors held on 30 November and 28 October 2021, respectively.

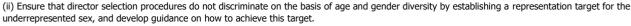
C.1.6 Explain any measures that may have been agreed by the appointments committee to prevent any implicit bias in selection procedures to hinder the selection of female board members, and for the company to deliberately strive to include women who meet the professional profile sought among the candidates and that will enable a balanced ratio of men and women. Also indicate whether these measures include encouraging the company to have a significant number of senior female managers:

Explanation of the measures

Article 9 of the Board Regulations provides that the Board must ensure that the procedures for the selection of its members favour diversity with respect to matters such as age, gender, different abilities or knowledge, training and professional experience, and do not suffer from implicit biases that could imply any discrimination and, in particular, that they facilitate the appointment of female Directors in a number that allows a balanced presence of women and men in the Company, all in the best interests of the Company. In this regard, the Board has entrusted the ARC with the responsibility of ensuring that director selection procedures do not discriminate on the basis of age and gender diversity, establishing a representation target for the under-represented sex; and to prepare guidelines on how to achieve this target in accordance with the provisions of article 32.3.g) of the Board Regulations.

In turn, Article 32 of the Board Regulations and, in order to avoid any implicit bias in the procedures for selecting the members of the Board of Directors that might hinder and/or prevent the selection of Female Directors, provides that the ARC shall: (i) Evaluate the skills, knowledge and experience required by the Board of Directors, defining, as a consequence, the functions and skills required by the candidates to fill each vacancy and evaluating the time and dedication required to properly perform their duties. Any Director may request that the ARC consider potential candidates to fill Director vacancies, if it deems them suitable: and





The ARC has aimed to, by establishing the goals and basic principles applied to the director selection process and a series of conditions that the candidates must meet, in line with the director Selection Policy:

- (i) Encourage diversity and integration of knowledge, experience and gender.
- (ii) Reach a suitable balance on the Board of Directors that will enrich the decision-making and contribute plural points of view to the debates on the matters under its domain; and
- (iii) The proposals for appointment and re-appointment of directors must be based on a prior analysis of the needs of the Board. As a result, the ARC prepared the proposed Policy for the Selection of Directors based on the principles of diversity and balance in the composition of the Board of Directors, which was approved by the Board of Directors. In application of this policy, the ARC, throughout the 2022 financial year, carried out the evaluation procedure for the ratification of the appointments by co-optation of Ms Pilar García Ceballos-Zúñiga and Ms María del Pino Velázquez Medina as independent directors in order to maintain diversity on the Board of Directors, concluding, in the ratification by co-optation of said appointments of the directors mentioned above in 2022.

When, despite the measures adopted, there are few or no female directors or leadership positions, explain the reasons:

Explanation of the reasons

The ARC, in order to continue applying the good corporate governance practices followed by the Company and, in particular, those relating to gender diversity on the Board of Directors, focused, throughout the 2022 financial year, on the application of these policies through the study and evaluation of various candidates in order to increase the percentage of female representation on the Board, and submitting the ratification to the General Meeting of Shareholders (which approved it) of the appointments by co-optation of Ms Pilar García Ceballos-Zúñiga and Ms María del Pino Velázquez Medina. As it could not be otherwise, the Company will continue working along these lines, promoting diversity on the Board of Directors and prohibiting the existence of discrimination or bias in the selection procedure for directors, especially those related to the gender of the potential candidate. The foregoing only makes it easier for the composition of the Company's Board to be even more in line with the trends, best practices and guidelines of good corporate governance.

Likewise, the Company continues to apply gender diversity policies within its internal structure, increasing the participation of women in the Company's management positions.

C.1.7 Explain the conclusions of the appointments committee on the verification of compliance with the policy aimed at favouring an appropriate composition of the board of directors.

The Appointments and Remuneration Committee established the basic principles and/or guidelines on which the policy for the appointment of directors should be based, contained in the Policy for the Selection of Directors which was approved by the Board of Directors. Said Policy, based on the principles of diversity and balance in the composition of the Company's Board of Directors, is expressly aimed at favouring diversity and integration of knowledge, experience and gender, seeking to facilitate the appointment of female directors in a number that allows a balanced presence of women and men in the Company, all in the best interests of the Company.

The members of the ARC issued a positive report on the Company's corporate governance policies, which expressly foresees that the Board should ensure that the member selection procedures should foster diversity of gender, experience and knowledge, and be free of any implicit bias that may lead to discrimination and, in particular should facilitate the appointment of female directors.

In accordance with the above, the activity of the ARC has particularly focused on the application of these policies, in 2022 proposing the ratification of the appointments by co-optation of Ms Pilar García Ceballos-Zúñiga and Ms María del Pino Velázquez Medina, as independent directors of the Company to the General Shareholders' Meeting, which approved it in March.

C.1.8 Explain, if applicable, the reasons why proprietary directors have been appointed at the request of shareholders whose shareholding is less than 3% of the capital:

Name or company name of the significant	Justification
No data	



Provide details of any rejections of formal requests for board representation from shareholders whose shareholding is equal to or greater than that of other shareholders who have successfully requested the appointment of proprietary directors. If so, explain why these requests have not been granted:

- [] Yes
- [√] No
- C.1.9 Indicate, if any, the powers and authorities delegated by the Board of Directors, including those related to the possibility of issuing or repurchasing shares, to Board Members or Board Committees:

Name or company name of the director or committee	Brief description
JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	All the powers granted to the Board of Directors, except those that cannot be delegated by Law or the Company Bylaws.

C.1.10 Identify any Board members working as directors, representatives of managing directors or executives at other companies that are part of the listed company's group:

Name or company name of the director	Group company name	Position	Has executive duties?
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 SOCIEDAD AGENTE DE BOLSA S.A.	CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD	NO
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 CORREDORES DE BOLSA S.A.	BOARD MEMBER	NO
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 GLOBAL FIDUCIARIA, S.A.	MEMBER OF THE GOVERNING BOARD	NO
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA RENTA 4 SCR S.A.	CHAIRMAN	YES
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 CORPORATE, S.A.	DIRECTOR	NO
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 DIGITAL ASSETS, S.L.	CHAIRMAN	YES
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	SOCIEDAD OPERADORA DE LA PLATAFORMA IW S.L.	CHAIRMAN	YES
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	RENTA 4 GLOBAL FIDUCIARIA, S.A.	MEMBER OF THE GOVERNING BOARD	NO
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA RENTA 4 SCR	DIRECTOR	NO
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	RENTA 4 LERIDA	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR	YES
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	RENTA 4 DIGITAL ASSETS, S.L.	MEMBER	NO



Name or company name of the director	Group company name	Position	Has executive duties?
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	SOCIEDAD OPERADORA DE LA PLATAFORMA IW S.L.	MEMBER	NO
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	RENTA 4 CORPORATE, S.A.	CHAIRMAN - CEO	YES
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	RENTA 4 S.V., S.A.	DIRECTOR	NO
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	KOBUS PARTNERS MANAGEMENT SGEIC, S.A.	DIRECTOR	NO
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	RENTA 4 S.V., S.A.	DIRECTOR	NO

C.1.11 List any director or administrator positions held by directors or representatives of directors who are members of the board of directors of the company in other entities, whether or not they are listed companies:

Identification of the director or representative	Company name of listed or non-listed entity	Position
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	SAINT CROIX HOLDING IMMOBILIER SOCIMI SA.	DIRECTOR
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	GRUPO ECOENER, S.A.	DIRECTOR

Indicate, if applicable, any other remunerated activities of the directors or representatives of the directors, whatever their nature, other than those indicated in the table above.

Identification of the director or representative	Other remunerated activities
No data	

C.1.12	Indicate and, explain where appropriate, whether the company has established rules on the maximum
	amount of company boards the company's directors may sit on, identifying, if any, where these rules are
	established:

[]	Yes
[\[1 \]	No

C.1.13 Specify the amounts of the following items regarding the global remuneration of the Board of Directors:

Remuneration accrued by the Board of Directors during the fiscal year (thousands of euros)	2,469
Amounts accumulated by current directors for long-term savings systems with vested economic rights (thousands of euros)	
Amounts accumulated by current directors for long-term savings systems with non- consolidated economic rights (thousands of euros)	
Amounts accumulated by former directors through long-term savings systems (thousands of euros)	



C.1.14 List any members of the senior management who are not also executive directors and state the total remuneration accrued by them during the year:

Name or company name	Position (s)
MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA-JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ	CHAIRMAN/GENERAL MANAGER OF RENTA 4 S.V., S.A.

Number of women in senior management	
Percentage over the total number of members of senior	0.00
management	
	201

Total remuneration of senior executives (thousands of euros) 201

C.1.15 Indicate whether any amendments have been made to the Board regulations during the fiscal year:

[√] Yes [] No

Description of changes

The purpose of the amendments made to certain articles of the Board of Directors' Regulations, as well as the inclusion of a new article, was to adapt them to the amendments introduced by Law 5/2021, of 12 April, amending the established text of the Capital Companies Act, approved by Royal Legislative Decree 1/2010, of 2 July, and other financial regulations, with regard to the promotion of long-term shareholder involvement in listed companies, and (ii) the inclusion in the text of technical and drafting improvements.

C.1.16 Indicate the procedures for the selection, appointment, re-election and removal of directors. Give details of the competent bodies, the formalities to be fulfilled and the criteria to be used in each of the procedures.

The appointment of the Directors corresponds to the Meeting, without prejudice to the right of proportional representation that corresponds to the shareholders in the terms stipulated in the Spanish Corporate Law. In this sense, if vacancies arise during the period for which the Directors were appointed, the Board may, by means of co-option, appoint the persons who are to occupy them until the first Meeting is held, unless the Meeting has already been called, in which case the Board may appoint a Director until the next Meeting after the one called is held.

The proposals to appoint, ratify or re-elect Directors should refer to people who are known for their integrity, solvency, technical skills and experience and will be approved by the Board upon the proposal made by the ARC for Independent Directors or upon the proposal of the Board, based on the ARC's report, for all other Directors. In any case, the proposal or the report made by the ARC should assign the new Director to one of the director classes foreseen in the Company's Board Regulations. Proposals must be accompanied by a supporting report from the Board that assesses the competence, experience and merits of the proposed candidates, which will be attached to the minutes of the General Meeting or the Board meeting. When the Board diverges from the ARC's proposals, it must provide its reasons for the decision and these must be included in the minutes.

The directors shall meet the legal requirements established for directors and shall be subject to their duties as such.

From the moment the call is announced and until the General Meeting takes place, the Company the following minimum details on the individuals proposed to be appointed, ratified or re-elected as members of the Board should remain published on the Company's website: identity, curriculum vitae, and director class they belong to, as well as the proposal and reports mentioned above.

Persons who hold representation or management positions or functions in other credit entities or a significant stake in their share capital may not be appointed as directors unless expressly authorised by the Board.

Once a year, the Board will assess (i) its performance and the quality of its work, (ii) the Chairman's, the Coordinating Director's and CEO's performance of their roles based on the ARC's report, (iii) the performance and composition of its Committees, based on their reports, (iv) the diversity in the composition and competencies of the Board, based on the ARC's report and (v) the performance and contribution made by the Directors, with special focus on the heads of the different Board Committees, based on the reports produced by the Committees. For such purposes, the Chairman will organise and coordinate the assessment of the Board with the Chairmen/Chairwomen of the Committees.





The Directors will remain in office for four years unless the General Meeting agrees to remove them or they resign from the position and they may be re-elected more than once for four-year terms.

The Directors will leave their position when, at the end of the term they were appointed for, the General Meeting is held or the time set to hold the General Meeting that is to agree the previous year's financial statements has passed, or when so agreed by the General Meeting by virtue of the powers granted by Law or the Company Bylaws.

The ARC may propose the removal of independent Directors before the end of the statutory term for which they were appointed, if the ARC deems that there are reasonable grounds to do so. In particular, there will be reasonable grounds for removal when the Director fails to carry out the duties attached to his/her position or when he/she is under whichever circumstances described in Article 9.2.a of the Board Regulations that prevent his/her appointment as independent Director when the Director takes on a new position or new duties that prevent him/her from devoting the necessary time to carry out his/her role as Director.

The removal of directors may also be proposed as a result of public buy-outs, mergers or other similar corporate transactions implying a change in the structure of the Company's capital, where such changes in the Board structure are due to the proportionality criterion in the Board Regulations.

C.1.17 Explain to what extent the annual evaluation of the Board has prompted significant changes in its internal organisation and the procedures applicable to its activities:

Description of changes

There have been no changes as the result of the self-assessment was satisfactory.

Describe the assessment procedure and the areas assessed by the Board of Directors with the support, if any, of an external consultant, regarding the performance and composition of the Board and its committees and any other area or aspect that has been assessed.

Description of the assessment procedure and areas

The Board of Directors has assessed its composition and competencies, the performance and composition of its Committees and the performance of the Chairman, CEO, Independent Lead Director and Secretary of the Company by sending all directors the relevant assessment questionnaires regarding the Board of Directors. Appointments and Remuneration Committee ('ARC') and the Audit and Control Committee ('ACC').

Once the answers were received, the ARC prepared the related reports assessing the Board of Directors, Chairman, CEO, Lead Director and the Secretary of the Board. In addition, the ARC prepared a report assessing its own composition, competencies and performance. The ACC also prepared a report assessing its own composition, competences and performance.

[Subsequent to the evaluation, the Board of Directors approved the assessment reports for the Board and its committees, the Chairman, CEO, Independent Lead Director and Secretary, finding that:

- (i) The Board of Directors has an appropriate composition and effectively takes on and exercises the powers and competences granted to it by the Articles of Association and the regulations of the Board of Directors, always acting in the Company's interest and to maximise the Company's economic value;
- (ii) The ARC and the ACC each have an appropriate composition and effectively take on and exercise the powers granted to them by the current regulations and the Company's different corporate texts; and
- (iii) The Chairman, CEO, Independent Lead Director and the Secretary of the Board have effectively and diligently discharged their duties.
 - C.1.18 Detail, as appropriate, for the years in which the assessment was supported by an external consultant, any business dealings that the consultant or any company in its group have with the Company or any company in its group.

Throughout the 2022 financial year and the previous 2021 financial year, the Company has been assisted by the external expert Mr Salvador Montejo Velilla, in the evaluation process of the Board of Directors and its Committees, without him maintaining any other business relationship, directly or indirectly, with the Company.

C.1.19 Indicate the cases in which the directors must resign.

Pursuant to Article 12.2 of the Board Regulations, 'The Directors shall hand in their resignation in the following cases:



- a) At the age of 80.
- b) When they leave the job, position or function linked to their appointment as executive directors.
- c) In the case of proprietary Directors, when the shareholder who proposed the appointment transfers their entire shake in the Company or reduces it to an extent that entails the reduction of the number of its proprietary Directors.
- d) When subject to one of the cases of incompatibility or bans foreseen by Law, the Company Bylaws or herein.
- e) When the Board itself so requests by a majority of at least two thirds of its members, for having breached its obligations as a director, following a proposal or report from the Appointments and Remuneration Committee.
- f) When, in view of any situation affecting them, whether or not related to their performance in the Company itself, the credit and reputation of the Company may be jeopardised, informing, in all cases, the Board and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee of any criminal proceedings in which they are under investigation, as well as the progress of such proceedings.

In the event that the Board of Directors has been informed, or has otherwise become aware, of any of the situations referred to in the preceding paragraph, the Board shall examine the case as soon as possible and, in view of the specific circumstances, shall decide, following a report from the Appointments and Remuneration Committee, whether or not to adopt any measure. A reasoned account of such circumstances shall be included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report, unless there are special circumstances that justify not to, which must be recorded in the minutes.

- g) When the Director has received a serious caution from the Audit and Control Committee.
- h) At the end of, for whichever reasonable grounds, the contractual or organic relationship with the Company's shareholders that had given rise to the Director's appointment'.

C.1.20	Are qualified majorities other than those prescribed by law required for any type of decision?
[] [√]	Yes No
	If applicable, describe the differences.
C.1.21	State whether there are any specific requirements, apart from those relating to the directors, to be appointed Chairman of the Board of Directors:
[]	Yes
[√]	No

- C.1.22 Indicate whether the Bylaws or the board regulations set any age limit for directors:
- $[\sqrt{\ }]$ Yes $[\]$ No

	Age limit
Chairman	80
CEO	80
Director	80

- C.1.23 Indicate whether the Bylaws or the Board regulations set a limited term of office or other stricter requirements for independent directors other than those established by the regulations:
- [] Yes
- [√] No



C.1.24 Indicate whether the Bylaws or Board regulations stipulate specific rules to delegate votes on the Board of Directors to other directors, the procedures thereof and, in particular, the maximum number of proxy votes a director may hold. Also indicate whether there is any limit as to the categories in which it is possible to delegate votes, beyond the limits provided in Law. If so, give brief details.

Proxy voting is provided for in Article 38.2 of the Articles of Association, which establishes that: '[...] all Directors may be represented by another Director. The representation shall be granted specifically for the meeting of the Board of Directors in question and may be communicated by any of the means provided for in section 2 of the preceding article. Non-executive directors may only be represented by another non-executive director'.

As regards the means by which proxies must be communicated, Article 37.2 of the Articles of Association states that: The meetings of the Board of Directors shall be called by letter, fax, telegram, email or any other means, and shall be authorised with the signature of the Chairman or the Secretary or Vice Secretary by order of the Chairman. The meeting shall be called in due time to ensure that the Directors are notified at least three days before the meeting date, except for emergency meetings that may be called to be held immediately. This will not apply to those cases where the Regulations of the Board of Directors require a specific time to call a meeting. The call shall always include, unless reasonably justified, the Agenda for the meeting and shall attach, where appropriate, any information deemed necessary', including the procedure to appoint a proxy, which shall be in writing and specifically for each meeting.

C.1.25 Indicate the number of board meetings held during the fiscal year. Also state, if applicable, the number of occasions on which the Board met without its Chairman in attendance. Attendance shall also include proxies appointed with specific instructions.

Number of board meetings	12
Number of Board meetings without Chairman's attendance	0

Indicate the number of meetings held by the Independent Lead Director with the other directors without the attendance, in person or by proxy, of an executive Director:

Number of meetings	5
--------------------	---

Indicate the number of meetings of the various board committees held during the year:

Number of meetings of the AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE	11
Number of meetings of the	
APPOINTMENTS AND	4
REMUNERATION COMMITTEE	

C.1.26 Indicate the number of meetings held by the Board of Directors during the fiscal year and the attendance data of its members:

Number of meetings where at least 80% of directors attended in person	12
% of attendance in person out of the total votes during the fiscal year	100.00
Number of meetings where all the directors attended in person or by proxy with precise instructions	11
% of votes cast with attendance in person, or by proxy with precise instructions, out of the total votes during the fiscal year	91.67



[]

Yes

ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT FOR LISTED **COMPANIES**

Board for their preparation are certified beforehand:

C.1.27 Indicate whether the consolidated and individual annual financial statements submitted to the

	No	
	Identify, where applicable, the person(s) who financial statements to be prepared by the B	certified the Company's individual and consolidated annual pard:
C.1.28		y the Board of Directors to ensure that the financial s to the General Shareholders' Meeting are drawn up in
reviewing, whe Auditor and that Directors, the A	are necessary, any changes in the accountancy criteria that would be the Board of Directors prepares the statements without qualific Audit and Control Committee is in charge of reviewing the Compa ing the standard accountancy principles, as well as providing info	financial statements and holds regular meetings with the External Auditor affect the financial statements, ensuring that there are no qualifications by the ations. In compliance with Article 31 and 37 of the Regulations of the Board of ny's financial statements, enforcing compliance with legal requirements and mation on the proposals made by the management to change accounting
C.1.29	Is the secretary to the board a director?	
[]	Yes	
[\[\]]	No	
	If the secretary is not a director complete the	following table:
Na	ame or company name of the secretary	Representative
MR PEDRO AL	BERTO RAMON Y CAJAL AGÜERAS	
C.1.30		
	external auditors, as well as the methods, if a	the company to protect the independence of the ny, employed to protect the independence of the credit rating agencies, including how the legal provisions



In practice, in 2021, the ACC performed all the duties outlined and with the due diligence required to keep the external auditor's independence.

C.1.31	Indicate whether the company changed its external auditors during the fiscal year. Where
	appropriate, identify the incoming and outgoing auditors:
[]	Yes
[\[]	No

Explain any disagreements with the outgoing auditor and the reasons for the same:

Yes No

- C.1.32 Indicate whether the audit firm performs other non-audit work for the company and/or its group, and if so, state the amount of fees received for such work and the percentage the previous amount represent of the auditing fees billed to the company and/or its group:
- [√] Yes [] No

	Company	Group companies	Total
Amount of non-audit work (thousands of euros)	40	66	106
Amount of non-audit work/Amount of audit work (as a %)	35.70	52.00	44.35

C.1.33 Indicate whether the audit report for the annual financial statements of the previous fiscal year included any qualifications. Indicate the reasons given by the Chairman of the audit committee to the shareholders of the General Meeting to explain the contents and scope of qualifications.

[] Yes [√] No

C.1.34 Indicate the number of consecutive years that the current audit firm has been auditing the Company's individual and/or consolidated annual financial statements. Likewise, indicate for how many years the current firm has been auditing the annual financial statements as a percentage of the total number of years over which the financial statements have been audited:

	Individual	Consolidated
Number of consecutive years	6	6
	Individual	Consolidated

	Individual	Consolidated
Number of years audited by the current audit firm/number of years the company or its group has been audited (as a %)	17.16	17.16



C 1 2E	Indicate whether there is a precedure for the directors to be able to receive the processor.
C.1.33	Indicate whether there is a procedure for the directors to be able to receive the necessary information to prepare for meetings of the management bodies sufficiently in advance, and if so,

[√]	Yes
[]	No

give details:

Details of the procedure

The Directors' right to information regarding the meetings of the Board of Directors is provided for in Article 22 of the Board Regulations. Directors have the duty to request and the right to obtain from the Company any information they need to fulfil their Board responsibilities. Consequently, directors may obtain information on any aspect of the Company and its subsidiaries and may examine their books, records, documents and any other records of corporate operations and inspect all their facilities. They may also communicate with the Company's senior officers. Likewise, Directors are entitled to receive regular information on the movements in the shareholding and on the opinions that significant shareholders, investors and rating agencies have of the Company and its group. So as to not disturb the Company's ordinary management, all rights to information will be exercised through the Chairman of the Board of Directors who will address the Directors' requests and will provide them with the information directly or with suitable contacts at the relevant company level.

The Chairman, in collaboration with the Secretary, will ensure that the Directors have all the information required sufficiently in advance to deliberate and adopt

The Chairman, in collaboration with the Secretary, will ensure that the Directors have all the information required sufficiently in advance to deliberate and adopt resolutions for the matters on the agenda.

Based on Article 37 of the Company Bylaws, the call for the Board of Directors meeting shall attach all information required for such meeting.

C.1.36 Indicate whether the company has established rules that oblige directors to inform and, where appropriate, resign when situations arise that affect them, whether or not related to their actions in the company that could damage the credit and reputation of the company:

[]	Yes
[]		No

Explain the rules

As described in the Board Regulations, in Article 12, "1. The directors shall leave their position when, at the end of the term they were appointed for, the General Meeting is held or the time set to hold the General Meeting for agreeing the previous year's financial statements has elapsed, or when so agreed by the General Meeting by virtue of the powers granted by Law or the Company Bylaws', in which case they shall resign.

a) At the age of 80.

- b) When they leave the job, position or function linked to their appointment as executive directors.
- c) In the case of proprietary Directors, when the shareholder who proposed the appointment transfers their entire shake in the Company or reduces it to an extent that entails the reduction of the number of its proprietary Directors.
- d) When subject to one of the cases of incompatibility or bans foreseen by Law, the Company Bylaws or herein.
- e) When the Board itself so requests by a majority of at least two thirds of its members, for having breached its obligations as a director, following a proposal or report from the Appointments and Remuneration Committee.
- f) When, in view of any situation affecting them, whether or not related to their performance in the Company itself, the credit and reputation of the Company may be jeopardised, informing, in all cases, the Board and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee of any criminal proceedings in which they are under investigation, as well as the progress of such proceedings. [...]
- g) When the Director has received a serious caution from the Audit and Control Committee.
- h) At the end of, for whichever reasonable grounds, the contractual or organic relationship with the Company's shareholders that had given rise to the Director's appointment'.

Likewise, article 21 of the Board Regulations sets forth that directors shall inform the Company: "Of any legal, administrative or other proceedings lodged against the Director that, due to their relevance or nature, could have a serious impact on the Company's reputation. In particular, all Directors should inform the Company, through the Chairman, if they are charged, put on trial or subject to an order to proceed to a hearing for any of the offences detailed in Article 213 of the revised text of the Spanish Limited Liability Companies Law. In such event, the Board shall examine the case as soon as possible and shall make the decisions it deems convenient in the Company's interest'.



C.1.37	Indicate, unless there have been special circumstances that have been recorded in the minutes,
	whether the board has been informed or has otherwise become aware of any situation affecting a
	director, whether or not related to their performance in the company itself, that could damage the
	credit and reputation of the company:

[]	Yes
ſ	√1	No

C.1.38 Detail any significant agreements entered into by the company which will come into force, are amended or terminated in the event of a change of control of the company following a takeover bid and the effects thereof.

None.

C.1.39 Identify, separately when referring to directors and aggregated when referring to all other cases and provide detailed information on agreements between the company and its officers, executives and employees that provide for indemnities or guarantee or golden parachute clauses when they resign or are wrongfully dismissed or if the contractual relationship ends due to a takeover or another kind of transaction.

Number of beneficiaries	5
Type of beneficiary	Description of the agreement
Chairman (Mr Juan Carlos Ureta Domingo), CEO (Mr Juan Luis López García), Director - General Manager (Mr Jesús Sánchez-Quiñones Gonzalez), Director - Regional Manager (Mr Santiago Gonzalez Enciso); Member of the Management Committee, Chairman of Renta 4 Gestora SGIIC SA and Renta 4 Pensiones EGFP SA (Mr. Antonio Fernández Vera) Member of the Management Committee, Chairman of Renta 4 SV SA (Mr. Jose Ignacio García-Junceda Fernández)	The Chairman, the CEO, the Director - General Manager and the Director - Regional Manager have, in the event of unfair dismissal, the right to receive compensation equal to the legal provided compensation for unfair dismissal in accordance with the ordinary employment regime. In addition, the members of the Management Committee, Chairman of Renta 4 Gestora SGIIC, S.A. and Renta 4 Pensiones EGFP, S.A., and Chairman of Renta 4 SV SA are entitled, in the event of unfair dismissal, to receive compensation equivalent to the statutory compensation provided for unfair dismissal under the ordinary employment regime.

Indicate whether, beyond the assumptions foreseen by the regulations, these agreements must be reported to and/or authorised by the governing bodies of the company or its group. If this is the case, specify the procedures, assumptions foreseen and nature of the bodies in charge of their approval or their communication:

	Board of Directors	General Meeting
Body which authorises the clauses	√	
	Yes	No
Is the General Meeting informed of the clauses?		√



C.2. Board Committees

C.2.1 Give details of all board committees, their members and the proportion of executive, proprietary, independent and other external directors that form them:

APPOINTMENTS AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE				
Name	Position	Category		
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	MEMBER	Independent		
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	MEMBER	Other External		
MS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO	CHAIRMAN	Independent		

% of executive directors	0.00
% of proprietary directors	0.00
% of independent directors	66.67
% of other external directors	33.33

Explain the functions, including any added functions that are not legally foreseen, if any, conferred to this Committee and describe the procedures and rules of its organisation and operation. For each of these functions, indicate the more relevant actions during the fiscal year and how it effectively carried out each of the functions conferred to it by Law or Bylaws or other corporate agreements.

- A. Composition. It is made up of at least 3 members who should all be non-executive Directors -at least a third of them should be independent Directors- who will leave their position once they stop being Directors or when agreed by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors will appoint its Chairman from among its members, always an independent Director, and its Secretary.
- B. Competences. The Committee's functions are set forth in Article 32 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors.
- C. Workings. The Committee will meet as frequently as necessary to carry out its functions. It should also meet when called by its Chairman, the Chairman of the Board of Directors and at least once every quarter. The Appointments and Remuneration Committee will be validly called to order when the majority of its members is present. The Committee will have access to all the information and documentation required to perform its duties. The conclusions drawn in each meeting will be registered in the minutes ledger that will be signed by the Chairman and the Secretary.

 In the financial year 2021, the ARC carried out mainly the following duties, inter alia:
- Ensured that the remuneration policy established by the Company was observed.
- Directed the process of evaluating its own performance, the performance of the board and the discharge of duties by the chairman, secretary, lead independent director and CEO, and reported to the board on the findings reached.
- Proposed the 2019 Remuneration Policy to the Board.
- Proposed the contents of the Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration to the Board.
- Proposed to the Board the re-election of Ms Inés Juste Bellosillo.
- Proposed to the Board the appointments by co-optation of Ms. Pilar Garcia-Ceballos Zúñiga and Ms María del Pino Vázquez Medina.

Furthermore, and related to the health crisis situation originating and derived from Covid-19, the ARC was informed of the measures adopted and the resources provided to employees by the Company for their safety at work.

AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE			
Name	Position	Category	
MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	MEMBER	Independent	
MR JOSÉ SEVILLA ÁLVAREZ	CHAIRMAN	Independent	
MS. PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS-ZUÑIGA	MEMBER	Independent	



% of executive directors	0.00
% of proprietary directors	0.00
% of independent directors	100.00
% of other external directors	0.00

Explain the functions, including any added functions that are not legally foreseen, if any, conferred to this Committee and describe the procedures and rules of its organisation and operation. For each of these functions, indicate the more relevant actions during the fiscal year and how it effectively carried out each of the functions conferred to it by Law or Bylaws or other corporate agreements.

A. Composition. It is composed of at least 3 Directors who will be appointed by the Board of Directors at the proposal of its Chairman, chosen from among its non-executive members, and at least two of them should be independent. The Committee will appoint, from among its members, the Chairman, who will always be an Independent Director and will be replaced every 4 years, without prejudice to his/her continuity or re-election as a member of the Committee. Furthermore, the Committee will appoint its Secretary and, where appropriate, a Vice President. Likewise, all

members of the Audit and Control Committee should have the necessary knowledge, professional experience and devotion to carry out the functions they are entrusted with.

B. Competences. The Committee's functions are set forth in Article 42 of the Company Bylaws and Article 31 of the Board Regulations.

C. Workings. The Committee will meet at least once every quarter and, in any case, every time it is called by its Chairman or at the request of the Chairman of the Board of Directors. The conclusions drawn from each meeting will be included in the minutes that will be reported at the Board meeting. Any members of the management team, Company employees or auditors requested to do so will be obliged to attend the Committee meetings and to collaborate and provide the information they have.

In the financial year 2021, the ACC carried out the following functions, inter alia:

- Acted as a communication channel between the Board and the external auditor, assessing the results of each audit.
- Authorising KPMG Abogados, S.L. to provide professional advice in preparing and filing the appropriate 1042-S forms for the financial year 2021.
- Issued, prior to the auditors' report, a report on whether the independence of the auditors or audit firms was jeopardised.
- Approve the Internal Audit Action Plan.
- Supervise the effectiveness of the Company's internal control, internal audit and risk management systems, having adapted the Company's Operational Risk and Reputational Risk Policy, and discuss with the auditor any significant weaknesses detected in the internal control system.
- Overseeing compliance with the rules of the internal codes of conduct and ESG.
- Approve, for submission to the Board, the External Expert's Report on the Prevention of Money Laundering, the Annual Report and Report on the degree of effective compliance with the internal control rules and procedures implemented, the half-yearly Report of the CII Depositary Unit, and the reports on conflicts of interest. Prudential Relevance and Capital Self-Assessment, among others.
- Oversaw the reporting and submission of regulatory financial information, in particular the separate and consolidated financial statements.
- Reported on the annual corporate governance report.
- Evaluated its own performance within the framework of the self-assessment of the performance of the Board of Directors and its internal Committees.
- Reporting, where appropriate, on related-party transactions to be approved by the general meeting or the board of directors and supervising the internal procedure established by the Company for those transactions whose approval has been delegated.

Identify the directors who are members of the audit committee appointed with regard to his or her knowledge and experience in accounting, auditing or both, and indicate the date when the Chairman of the committee was appointed as such.

Names of directors with experience	MS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO / MR JOSÉ SEVILLA ÁLVAREZ / MS PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS-ZUÑIGA	
Date the Chairman was appointed as such	July 26, 2022	

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C.2.2 Fill in the following table with the information on the number of female directors sitting on the Board Committees at the end of the last four years:

		Number of female board members						
	Financ 2022	Financial year Financial year 2022 2021			Financ	ial year 2020	Financial year 2019	
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
APPOINTMENTS AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE	1	33.3 3	2	66.67	2	66.67	2	66.67
AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE	2	66.67	1	33.33	1	33.3 3	0	0.00

C.2.3 Indicate, where applicable, the existence of regulations governing the Board Committees, where they can be accessed, and any amendments thereto during the fiscal year. Also state whether any voluntary annual reports have been produced on the activities of each committee.

APPOINTMENTS AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The ARC is governed by Article 42 bis in the Company Bylaws and by Article 32 of the Board Regulations. Both corporate texts are available on the Company's website.

The Board of Directors, pursuant to its duty to comply with Article 28 of the Board Regulations, which includes Recommendation 36 of the Code of Good Governance of Listed Companies after its review of June 2020 approved by the Board of the National Securities Market Commission (CNMV), assesses once a year (i) its

own performance and the quality of its work, (ii) the performance of the roles of Board Chairman, Lead Director and CEO of the company based on the ARC's report, (iii) the performance and composition of its Committees, based on their reports, (iii) the functioning and composition of it Committees, based on the report submitted by these, and (iv) the diversity in the composition and competencies of the Board of Directors and the performance and contribution of each Board Member, paying special attention to the heads of the different committees of the Board based on the report submitted by the ARC.

In this respect, each Board Committee has prepared a report on its own performance to help the Board assess their performance during the year. Both reports are available, together with all the documentation related to the General Meeting, on the Company's corporate website. These reports also include the main activities of each of the Committees.

AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE

The Audit and Control Committee is governed by Article 42 in the Company Bylaws and by Article 31 of the Board Regulations. Both corporate texts are available on the Company's website.

The Board of Directors, pursuant to its duty to comply with Article 28 of the Board Regulations, which includes Recommendation 36 of the Code of Good Governance of Listed Companies after its

review of June 2020 approved by the Board of the National Securities Market Commission (CNMV), assesses once a year (i) its own performance and the quality of its work, (ii) the performance of the roles of Board Chairman and CEO of the company based on the ARC's report, (iii) the performance and composition of its Committees, based on their reports, (iii) the functioning and composition of it Committees, based on the report submitted by these, and (iv) the diversity in the composition and competencies of the Board of Directors and the performance and contribution of each Board Member, paying special attention to the heads of the different committees of the Board based on the report submitted by the ARC.

In this respect, each Board Committee has prepared a report on its own performance to help the Board assess their performance during the year. Both reports are available, together with all the documentation related to the General Meeting, on the Company's corporate website. These reports also include the main activities of each of the Committees.



D. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND INTRACOMPANY TRANSACTIONS

D.1. Explain, if applicable, the procedure and competent bodies for the approval of related-party and intragroup transactions, indicating the criteria and general internal rules of the entity that regulate the abstention obligations of the affected directors or shareholders and detailing the internal reporting and periodic control procedures established by the company in relation to those related-party transactions whose approval has been delegated by the board of directors.

Pursuant to Article 5 in the Board Regulations, the Board of Directors shall be in charge of 'adopting agreements on all kinds of matters that are not assigned to the General Meeting by Law or the Articles of Association, and shall have full powers to manage, run and represent the Company in court or otherwise. Notwithstanding this, the Board shall fundamentally focus its activity on the supervision and control of the Company's running and ordinary management entrusted to the executive Directors and senior management, and shall consider any matters that are especially relevant to the Company or that are deemed necessary for the appropriate performance of the aforementioned general supervisory function'. "

- 2. In any case, the following matters that may not be delegated will be reserved to the Board of Directors meeting: [...] t) The approval, subject to a favourable report from the Audit and Control Committee, of related-party transactions under the terms established in the Law and these Regulations. [...]
- 3. The competences mentioned in the section above may be carried out, in an emergency, by the Executive Committee or, if appropriate, by the CEO, to the extent permitted by Law, to then be ratified at the Board meeting.
- 4. The Board of Directors will develop its functions with a common purpose and independent judgement, providing the same treatment to all shareholders who are in the same position, in the Company's interest, which will not prevent the consideration of all other legal, public or private interests, that converge in the course of all business operations, and especially the interests of the
- employees. In this context, it shall be understood as a corporate interest, as the achievement of a profitable and sustainable business in the long term that shall promote its continuity and maximise the Company's financial value'.

This is without prejudice to the fact that, in accordance with the provisions of the Regulations of the Board of Directors and in compliance with the obligations required by the Capital Companies Act in this regard, directors may participate in the deliberation and voting on resolutions or decisions in which they or a related person has a direct or indirect conflict of interest.

D.2. List individually any transactions that are significant due to their amount or relevant due to their subject matter carried out between the company or its subsidiaries and shareholders holding 10% or more of the voting rights or represented on the company's board of directors, indicating the competent body for their approval and whether any shareholder or director affected abstained. In the case of board competence, indicate whether the proposed resolution has been approved by the board without a majority of the independent directors voting against it:

	Name or company name of the shareholder or of any of their subsidiary companies	% of ownership	Name or company name of the company or the subsidiary company	Amount (thousand s of euros)	Approving body	Identification of the significant shareholder or director who abstained from voting	The proposal to the board, if any, has been approved by the board without a majority of independent directors voting against it
No	data						



	Name or company name of the shareholder or of any of their subsidiary companies	Type of relationship	Type of transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation
N	o data		

D.3. List individually the transactions that are significant due to their amount or relevant due to their subject matter, carried out by the company or its subsidiaries with the company's directors or managers, including any transactions carried out with entities that the director or administrator controls or jointly controls, and indicating the competent body for their approval and whether any shareholder or director affected abstained. In the case of board competence, indicate whether the proposed resolution has been approved by the board without a majority of the independent directors voting against it:

	Name or company name of the directors or managers or of their controlled or jointly controlled entities	Name or company name of the company or the subsidiary company	Link	Amount (thousand s of euros)	Approving body	Identification of the significant shareholder or director who abstained from voting	The proposal to the board, if any, has been approved by the board without a majority of independent directors voting against it
(1)	ms gemma Aznar cornejo	RENTA 4 BANCO	CONTRACTUAL/CORP ORATE	20	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H		NO
(2)	MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	RENTA 4 BANCO	CONTRACTUAL/CORP ORATE	94	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H		NO
(3)	MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	RENTA 4 BANCO	CONTRACTUAL/CORP ORATE	81	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H		NO
(4)	MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 BANCO	CONTRACTUAL/CORP ORATE	1,162	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H		NO
(5)	MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	RENTA 4 BANCO	CONTRACTUAL/CORP ORATE	403	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H		NO
(6)	MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	RENTA 4 BANCO	CONTRACTUAL/CORP ORATE	2,352	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H		NO
(7)	MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	RENTA 4 BANCO	CONTRACTUAL/CORP ORATE	754	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H		NO



	Name or company name of the directors or managers or of their controlled or jointly controlled entities	Name or company name of the company or the subsidiary company	Link	Amount (thousand s of euros)	Approving body	Identification of the significant shareholder or director who abstained from voting	The proposal to the board, if any, has been approved by the board without a majority of independent directors voting against it
(8)	MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA- JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ	RENTA 4 BANCO	CONTRACTUAL/CORP ORATE	66	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H		NO
(9)	MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	RENTA 4 BANCO	CONTRACTUAL/CORP ORATE	25	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H		NO
(10	MS PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS- ZUÑIGA	RENTA 4 BANCO	CONTRACTUAL/CORP ORATE	32	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H		NO
(11	MS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	RENTA 4 BANCO	CONTRACTUAL/CORP ORATE	16	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H		NO
(12	MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	RENTA 4 BANCO	CONTRACTUAL/CORP ORATE	106	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H		NO
(13	MS. MARÍA DEL PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA	RENTA 4 BANCO	CORPORATE	1	BOARD OF DIRECTORS - SHAREHOLDERS MEETING		YES

		Name or	
		company name of	
		the directors or	
		managers or of	
		their controlled or	Nature of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation
		jointly controlled	
		entities	
Ī		MS GEMMA	
	(1)	AZNAR CORNEJO	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
r		MR JUAN LUIS	
	(2)	LOPEZ GARCIA	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
L			



	Name or company name of the directors or managers or of their controlled or jointly controlled entities	Nature of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation
(3)	MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(4)	MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(5)	MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(6)	MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(7)	MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(8)	MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA- JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(9)	MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(10	MS PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS- ZUÑIGA	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(11	MS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(12	MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	SEE BREAKDOWN IN SECTION H
(13)	MS MARÍA DEL PINO	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED



Name or company name of the directors or managers or of their controlled or jointly controlled entities	
VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA	

D.4. Report on an individual basis on intra-group transactions that are significant due to their amount or are relevant due to their subject matter carried out by the company with its parent company or with other entities belonging to the parent company's group, including the listed company's own subsidiaries, unless no other related party of the listed company has an interest in such subsidiaries or such subsidiaries are wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by the listed company.

In any case, all intracompany operations with companies established in countries or jurisdictions considered as a safe haven must be reported:

Corporate name of the company in the group	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of euros)	
KOBUS PARTNERS MANAGEMENT S.G.E.I.C. S.A.	STAKE METHOD	547	
KOBUS PARTNERS MANAGEMENT S.G.E.I.C. S.A.	SERVICES PROVIDED	264	

D.5. List individually any transactions that are significant due to their amount or relevant due to their subject matter carried out by the company or its subsidiaries with other related parties in accordance with the International Accounting Standards adopted by the EU, which have not been reported under the previous headings.

Company name of the related party Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation		Amount (thousands of euros)
MATILDE FERNANDEZ DE MIGUEL	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	100
MATILDE FERNANDEZ DE MIGUEL	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	177



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of euros)
MATILDE FERNANDEZ DE MIGUEL	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	130
MATILDE FERNANDEZ DE MIGUEL	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	11
SANTIAGO GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	320
SANTIAGO GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	897
SANTIAGO GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	29
SANTIAGO GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	269
MARÍA GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	INTEREST INCOME	3
MARÍA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	320
MARÍA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	826
MARÍA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	29
MARÍA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	269



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of euros)
CRISTINA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	320
CRISTINA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	885
CRISTINA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	29
CRISTINA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	269
CRISTINA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	1
IGNACIO GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	INTEREST INCOME	3
IGNACIO GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	350
IGNACIO GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	881
IGNACIO GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	29
IGNACIO GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	279
MATILDE GONZÁLEZ-	INTEREST INCOME	3



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of euros)
ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ		
MATILDE GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	320
MATILDE GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	830
MATILDE GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	29
MATILDE GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	286
INES ASUNCION URETA ESTADES	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	170
INES ASUNCION URETA ESTADES	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	433
MATILDE ESTADES SECO	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	356
INES ASUNCION URETA ESTADES	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	10
INES ASUNCION URETA ESTADES	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	159
MATILDE ESTADES SECO	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	11
MATILDE URETA ESTADES	INTEREST INCOME	2
MATILDE URETA ESTADES	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	170
MATILDE URETA ESTADES	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	368
MATILDE URETA ESTADES	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	11
MATILDE URETA ESTADES	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	155



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of euros)
MATILDE URETA ESTADES	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	97
OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	30
OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	38
CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2020 S.A.	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	125
CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS S.A.	SERVICES PROVIDED	7
CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS S.A.	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	741
CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS S.A.	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	279
SURIKOMI S.A.	SERVICES PROVIDED	24
SURIKOMI S.A.	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	456
CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2011 S.A.	SERVICES PROVIDED	2
CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2011 S.A.	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	9
CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2011 S.A.	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	10
CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2011 S.A.	OTHER LIABILITY TRANSACTIONS: GUARANTEES	6
INVERCYSEX S.L.	LEASE OF BUSINESS PREMISES	26
INVERCYSEX, S.L.	INTERESTS PAID	8
INVERCYSEX, S.L.	OTHER BONDS	4
INVERCYSEX, S.L.	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	19
MOBEL LINEA S.L.	INTEREST INCOME	116
MOBEL LINEA S.L.	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	6,100



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of euros)
MOBEL LINEA S.L.	MOBEL LINEA S.L. DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	
MOBEL LINEA S.L.	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	6,100
MOBEL LINEA S.L.	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	1,750
98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	INTEREST INCOME	14
98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	SERVICES PROVIDED	1
98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	810
98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	2,024
98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	83
98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	759
98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	29
98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	OTHER LIABILITY TRANSACTIONS: GUARANTEES	318
KURSAAL 2000 S.L.	SERVICES PROVIDED	25
KURSAAL 2000 S.L.	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	14
KURSAAL 2000 S.L.	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	827
KURSAAL 2000 S.L.	OTHER LIABILITY TRANSACTIONS: GUARANTEES	18
LORA DE INVERSIONES S.L.	SERVICES PROVIDED	318
LORA DE INVERSIONES S.L.	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	394
LORA DE INVERSIONES S.L.	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	3,646
AVILUGAM S.L.	SERVICES PROVIDED	340
AVILUGAM S.L.	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	9
USLRM PARENT COMPANY SL	SERVICES PROVIDED	3



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of euros)
USLRM PARENT COMPANY SL	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	498
SOCIEDAD VASCO MADRILEÑA DE INVERSIONES	SERVICES PROVIDED	259
SOCIEDAD VASCO MADRILEÑA DE INVERSIONES, S.L.	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	3,865
INDUMENTA PUERI S.L.	SERVICES PROVIDED	12
INDUMENTA PUERI S.L.	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	4
GLOBAL PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS S.L.	SERVICES PROVIDED	27
GLOBAL PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS S.L.	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	819
GLOBAL PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS S.L.	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	622
MUEBLES Y ASIENTOS DE OFICINA S.L.	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	14
MUTUALITY	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED	1,008
MUTUALITY	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	2,040
MUTUALITY	SERVICES RECEIVED	17

D.6. State the mechanisms established to detect, determine and resolve any conflicts of interest between the company and/or the group, directors, managers, significant shareholders or other associated parties.

The Board Regulations establishes in Article 17 that there is a conflict of interest in situations where the Company's or its Group's interest clashes, directly or indirectly, with the Director's personal interest, when the matter affects him/her or a person related to him/her.

The following are related persons of the natural person director: a) spouse or persons in a similar affective relationship) their ascendants, descendants and siblings or of the spouse (or person in a similar affective relationship); c) the spouses of ascendants, descendants and siblings; d) companies or entities in which the director holds, directly or indirectly, including through an intermediary, a shareholding that gives him/her a significant influence or in which or in their parent company

he/she holds a position on the governing body or in senior management. For these purposes, any holding equal to or exceeding 10 % of the share capital or of the voting rights or by virtue of which a representation on the governing body of the Company may have been obtained, de jure or de facto, is presumed to confer significant influence.

Situations of conflict of interest will be governed by the following rules: a) Disclosure: the Director must inform all other Directors and, if appropriate, the Board, through the Chairman or the Secretary, of any conflict of interest pertaining to the Director or his/her related persons; b) Abstention: the Director may not carry out any professional or commercial transactions with the Company





Company unless he/she first reports the conflict of interest situation, and the Board or, as the case may be, the Meeting approves the transaction. The Director will refrain from attending and taking part in the deliberation and vote for such matters. Regarding proprietary Directors, these must refrain from taking part in the vote for matters that could entail a conflict of interest between the shareholders they represent and the Company;

c) Transparency: Disclose in the annual report and in the Annual Corporate Governance Report of any conflicts of interest.

The Internal Conduct Regulations (ICR) governs conflicts of interest in Articles 21, 22 and 23. Therefore, there is a conflict of interest between the Company and one of its clients or between two of the Company's clients when, in a given situation, the Company could gain a benefit, provided that there is also a potential correlative damage to the client, or when the client could gain a profit or avoid a loss and there is the chance that another client will suffer a loss as a result.

To identify these situations, it shall be determined whether the Company, a reporting party to the ICC ('Reporting Party to ICC') or another person directly or indirectly related to such person through a position of control, falls into any of the following situations: a) The Company or the relevant person may gain a financial benefit or avoid a financial loss at the client's expense; b) Has an interest in the outcome of the service provided or the transaction executed at the client's expense, other than the client's own interest; c) Has financial or other incentives to favour the interests of third-party clients, to the detriment of the interests of the client in question; d) The professional activity is identical to the client's; e) Receives, or is due to receive, an incentive from a third party based on the service provided to the client, in cash, goods or services, other than the usual fee or compensation for the service in question.

The Company may determine other conflicts of interest in which the Persons subject to ICR may be involved on account of family, financial, professional or other links. All employees and Subject Persons shall inform the Company, through the ICC Monitoring Body, of any personal or family, economic or any other type of the ICR Monitoring Body, of any personal or family situation, economic or otherwise, that may constitute a conflict between such person and those of a client of the Company or of the Company itself.

There will be a conflict of interest when the Person subject to ICR, or a person or entity who is a relative or is closely related to such person, falls into one of the following cases: a) Is a member of the Board of Directors or senior management of a company whose business purpose is the same as the Company's; b) Significant stake in companies whose business purpose is the same as the Company's; c) Significant stake or another type of personal interest in a client of the Company.

Persons subject to ICR will refrain from taking part in preparations and in the decision or vote, and will inform the people who will be taking the relevant decision. Furthermore, they will inform portfolio management clients of any conflicts that may arise in the course of their activity. When in doubt on the existence of a conflict of interests, Persons subject to ICR are required to inform about this to the Body in

charge of ensuring compliance with the ICR, as well as the specific circumstances of the operation to allow the Body to determine the appropriate steps.

The resolution of conflicts shall always be carried out under the following principles: 1. The legitimate interests of clients shall in all cases be the priority to consider, without prejudice to the due respect for the integrity of the market. 2. Efforts shall be made to minimise conflicts between clients and between the Company and its clients. 3. The interests of the Company shall not take precedence over those of the clients in transactions with identical characteristics.

4. No client should be privileged when there is a conflict between several clients. 5. They will not multiply transactions unnecessarily and without benefit to the

D.7.	Indicate whether the company is controlled by another entity within the meaning of Article 42 of the
	Commercial Code, whether listed or not, and whether it has, directly or through its subsidiaries, business
	relations with that entity or any of its subsidiaries (other than those of the listed company) or engages in
	activities related to those of any of them.

[]	Yes
ſ	√1	No



E. RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL SYSTEMS

E.1. Describe the scope of the financial and non-financial Risk Management and Control System in place at the company, including tax risks:

The different risks involved in the operations conducted by the Renta 4 Group are managed under the principle of prudence to preserve its solvency level, profitability, efficiency and appropriate liquidity. Renta 4 Group has an ongoing management and control system for the risks taken in its business, expanding to all the companies in the Group, as well as all the areas or business units, with special focus on those that are more sensitive to the risks inherent in the business.

E.2. Identify the bodies responsible for preparing and implementing the financial and non-financial Risk Management and Control System, including tax risks:

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Description of its functions:

- Approval of the risk control and management policy [financial and non-financial], including tax risks, identifying the main risks faced by the Company and implementing, supervising and monitoring the internal information and control systems.

AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE

Description of its functions:

- Supervise the efficiency of the Company's internal control, the risk management systems, including tax risks, the management of internal audit services that ensure the good performance of the internal information and control systems, especially related to the reporting processes in terms of accuracy and filing the regulated financial information on the Company and its group, check compliance with the regulatory requirements, the appropriate limits on the scope of consolidation and the right use of the accounting criteria, reporting this to the Board of Directors.

The person in charge of the internal audit is required to present before the Committee his/her guidance and work planning for their approval and make sure that the activity is fundamentally focused on the material risks faced by the Company and directly inform the Committee of any incidents that may arise in its course, as well as present the Committee with a report on its activities at the end of each fiscal year. Furthermore, the Audit and Control Committee will discuss with the Auditor any material weaknesses identified in the internal control system during the audit.

- Supervise the procedure followed to prepare and file the regulatory financial and non-financial information and the internal risk management and control systems related to the Company's significant risks for them to be identified (operational, technological, financial, legal or reputational), managed and reported appropriately, setting the risk level tolerated by the Company, the measures needed to minimise the impact of the risks identified, and determine the control and information systems to be used to control and manage them, ensure the independence and efficiency of the internal auditing unit, propose the selection, appointment, re-election and removal of the head of the internal audit service, and the budget of such service, receive regular information on its activities and check that the senior management takes into account the conclusions and recommendations in the reports.
- Supervise the development of the functions assigned to the area in charge of preventing money laundering and know the reports and proposals presented in this regard.

INTERNAL AUDIT

Description of its functions:

- Revise the procedures and systems established for risk control.

RISK DEPARTMENT

Description of its functions:

- This body reports to the Board of Directors.
- The Risk department carries out its functions on all the entities included in the scope of consolidation of the Renta 4 Group and is in charge of monitoring the established risk control systems.

REGULATORY COMPLIANCE DEPARTMENT.

Description of its functions:

- This body reports to the Board of Directors.
- The regulatory compliance department regularly identifies and appraises the risks of regulatory breach in the various business areas and helps manage this efficiently.



E.3. Specify the main risks, including the financial and non-financial tax risks and, where significant, risks derived from corruption (as described in the Spanish Royal Decree 18/2017) that may jeopardise the business targets:

The Renta 4 Group consists of a group of companies devoted to providing special services for savings and investments and is independent of any other financial or industrial group. For this reason, it is particularly exposed to the progress of the financial industry as it can have a significant impact on its results. In accordance with the above, the basic risks that may affect the Renta 4 Group are as follows:

- 1. Credit risk: Credit risk is defined as the possibility of experiencing losses when a debtor violates its contractual duties, including the counterparty risk.
- 2. Market risk: Market risk is the possibility of experiencing losses on account of adverse fluctuations in the price of the assets that make up the trading portfolio of the Renta 4 Group.
- 3. Operational risk: Operational risk refers to potential loss arising from inadequate or failed procedures, employee mistakes and internal system errors or due to external events, in particular, natural catastrophes, mistakes made by price and information suppliers or hacking into technological systems that could jeopardise the infrastructure of the Renta 4 Group.
- 4. Liquidity risk: Liquidity risk refers to, as its name indicates, a shortage of cash, usually resulting from an imbalance in cash inflows and outflows.
- 5. Regulatory risk: This risk refers to the likelihood of experiencing loss as a result of failing to adjust Renta 4 Group's policies to the regulations governing its operations, of poorly documented operations or of claims and actions against the Group.
- 6. Reputational risk: Reputational risk arises from Renta 4 Group's actions that could lead to negative publicity regarding its business practices and connections. This could entail the loss of trust in the Group and therefore impact its solvency.
- 7. Tax risk: Tax risk is the threat of a negative impact on the financial statements and/or the Renta 4 Group's reputation as a result of tax-related decisions made by the entity or the legal or tax authorities.
- 8. Technological risks: Risks arising from a loss of Confidentiality, Integrity or Availability associated with systems or data; or from the inability to change Information and Communication Technology in a reasonable time and cost when the environment or business requirements change. This includes security risks resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, or from external events including cyber attacks or inadequate physical security.
- 9. ESG or sustainability risk. Environmental, social and governance risks that, because they are considered material, both in the short and long term, may generate economic losses or negatively impact its capital and/or liquidity. Climate change and environmental degradation can manifest in financial risks through basically two transmission channels: physical risks and transition risks. Social risks are related to labour conditions, local communities, employee health and safety and discrimination, among others. Governance risks relate to executive remuneration, respect for the rule of law, bribery and corruption, fiscal strategy, cybersecurity and money laundering, among others.
- E.4. State whether the entity has risk tolerance levels, including fiscal risks.

Renta 4 Group's risk management strategy is based on implementing measures that will minimise or dilute the risks defined, setting specific limits for each business line, market and product.

The purpose of this system is to protect the Group's solvency and liquidity ensuring that the exposure to the risk is within the predefined limits and has a balanced profile.

The Renta 4 Group has a Risk Appetite Framework that establishes limits for the main risks attached to its operations.

E.5. Indicate which financial and non-financial risks, including fiscal risks, have emerged during the financial year.

No risks materialised during the fiscal year.

E.6. Explain any response and supervision plans in place for the entity's main risks, including fiscal risks, as well the procedures followed by the company to ensure that the Board of Directors can respond to coming challenges.

The measures to mitigate the impact of the basic risks that may affect the Renta 4 Group, should they materialize, are described below:

1. Credit risk: specific procedures and limits are established to avoid situations of overdraft of cash and/or securities in the intermediation and settlement of client transactions. Exceptionally, there may be certain situations where this shortage is allowed when duly authorised. These situations, in any case, are limited according to the client's credit guarantee and are monitored by the Risk Department and the Audit Unit. Renta 4 grants financing to clients





through the signing of a credit agreement secured by securities, in such a way that, through the pledging of financial instruments and the continuous monitoring of their evolution, the risk assumed in the transactions granted to clients is hedged. Exposure to the credit risk in balance-sheet exposure is largely focused on cash investments (current accounts, deposits and Spanish short-term sovereign debt) all this in line with the limits on portfolio concentration set forth in the current regulations. The counterparty risk assessment with respect to credit entities is based on the credit ratings of the main agencies that provide this information, selecting those with the greatest solvency, experience and recognition on the markets.

- 2. Market risk: limits are established so that, at all times, in the event of variations in market prices, losses are limited to the preset maximums. The controls are set depending on the conditions of the different assets and the relevance of the risk attached to each market. Within this type of risk, the VaR (Value at Risk or maximum potential loss that a portfolio may experience under the current market conditions) is especially relevant and is factored into the risk screening systems. The Risk Department and the Audit Unit are in charge of supervising compliance with the established limits.
- 3. Operational risk: To mitigate this risk, the Company has imposed minimum training requirements for employees, in addition to primary controls in the different workstations, so that control routines are integrated into each task. The improvements made to computer systems contribute to tightening control and cutting down on manual processes which in turn reduces the likelihood of human error. The Risk Department and the Audits Unit are constantly monitoring and assessing the materialisation of risks, mainly arising from brokerage operations for clients, checking that the control system works as expected. In addition, a governance model has been defined and implemented that covers the main areas of technological risk management, and includes a control framework to monitor them for internal and external management and reporting.
- 4. Liquidity risk: In order to control this risk and to comply with all the requirements established in the legislation regarding legal ratios and payment commitments with third parties, the residual maturities of assets and liabilities are reviewed. The monitoring and control of the liquidity risk is undertaken by the Cash and Banks Department on a daily basis working with the Finances Department and supervised by the Risk Department in the Renta 4 Group. The policy to mitigate this risk focuses on the current policy of investing in short-term and liquid assets that could be available in the event of any stress that could materialize.
- 5. Regulatory risk: There is a Regulatory Compliance Unit responsible for adapting procedures to regulatory requirements, as well as monitoring and control
- 6. Reputational risk: A series of regulatory compliance policies have been established, through which the most significant aspects are directly monitored: By way of example, they are: Anti-Money Laundering. Code of conduct in the securities market (Internal Code of Conduct). Marketing of MIFID [II], MIFIR and PRIIPs products and regulations. Market abuse in intermediation operations in the capital markets Customer claims. Criminal risk management model. Personal data protection (GDPR)
- 7. Tax risk: The impact of this risk is mitigated by independent expert actions within the framework of the financial audit, fiscal opinions requested within the framework of relevant transactions and, ultimately, by interaction with the Tax Administration.
- 8. Technological risk: a technological risk management model has been defined based on two fundamental pillars, the governance model and the operational model. The model clearly establishes the responsibilities and competencies in technological risk management, including the main governing bodies, as well as the internal regulations and the main technological risk management processes.
- 9. ESG risks: A global approach has been adopted for for their identification, evaluation, monitoring and mitigation, specifically in relation to sustainable finance, incorporating ESG criteria in the product catalogue, implementing ESG advice and management preferences for clients, reporting the actions, developing processes and methodology for environmental risk management and adapting favourable capital treatments to ESG-related exposures.



F. INTERNAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL SYSTEMS IN RELATION TO INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING (ICFR)

Describe the mechanisms that comprise the risk control and management systems in relation to internal control over financial reporting (ICFR) at your company.

F.1. The company's control environment.

Provide information, stating the main features, on at least the following:

F.1.1 Which bodies and/or units are responsible for (i) the existence and maintenance of a proper ICFR system; (ii) its implementation; and (iii) its supervision

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The Board of Directors of Renta 4 Banco is ultimately in charge of the implementation and maintenance of an appropriate and effective ICFR which, in line with its Regulations, it entrusts to the Audit and Control Committee.

AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE.

The Regulations of the Board of Directors of Renta 4 Banco, in their Article 31, foresee that the basic duties of the Audit and Control Committee in connection with the internal information and control systems are as follows:

- 1. Supervise the effectiveness and the management of the internal auditing services in the Company that will ensure the good performance of the internal information and control systems, especially related to the preparation processes in terms of accuracy and filing the regulated financial information on the Company and its group, checking compliance with regulatory requirements, the appropriate limits on the scope of consolidation and the right use of the accounting criteria, and reporting this to the Board of Directors. The person in charge of the internal audit is required to present before the Committee his/her yearly work planning and directly inform the Committee of any incidents that may arise in its course, as well as report to the Committee on its activities at the end of each fiscal year.
- 2. Supervise the procedure followed to prepare and file the regulatory financial and non-financial information and the internal risk management and control systems related to the Company's significant risks for them to be identified, managed and reported appropriately, setting the risk level tolerated by the Company, the measures needed to minimise the impact of the risks identified, and determine
- the control and information systems to be used to control and manage them, ensure the independence and efficiency of the internal auditing unit, propose the selection, appointment, re-election and removal of the head of the internal audit service, and the budget of such service, receive regular information on its activities and check that the senior management takes into account the conclusions and recommendations in the reports.
- 3. Check the Company's accounts, ensure compliance with the legal requirements and the right use of the standard accounting principles, and inform about the proposals to change the accounting principles and criteria suggested by the management.
- 4. Previously review and report to the Board of Directors about: (i) financial information that, being listed, the Company is to disclose on a regular basis, making sure that the interim statements are prepared following the same accounting criteria as the yearly statements and, for such purposes, consider if it is convenient to request a limited review from the Company's external auditor; (ii) the issue or purchase of
- shares in entities with a special purpose or based in countries or jurisdictions that are considered tax havens, as well as any other transaction or operation of a similar nature that, due to its complexity, could hinder the transparency of the group to which the Company belongs; (iii) and of linked operations.
- 5. Receive from employees, confidentially but not anonymously, written communications on possible irregularities with a potential relevance, especially financial or accounting ones, that they may detect in the Company or its group companies.
- 6. Ensure compliance with the internal codes of conduct and the rules of corporate governance as well as the regulations on markets in the industry.
- 7. Supervise the development of the functions assigned to the area in charge of preventing money laundering and know the reports and proposals presented in this regard. Members of the Audit and Control Committee are appointed taking into account their knowledge and experience in accountancy, auditors and risk management. All its members will be external Directors and are duly kept abreast of any regulatory changes that may take place in those areas. From among its members, the Board of Directors appoints a Chairman who will be an independent Director and will remain in office for no longer than four years without prejudice to his/her continuity or re-election as a member of the Committee.

 INTERNAL AUDIT.

The Group has an Internal Audit area that is subject to the control and supervision of the Audit and Control Committee. Below are some of the functions undertaken by the Internal Audit area:

- 1. Supervise compliance and the effectiveness of the internal control systems and procedures, as well as supporting the organisation in improving such systems and procedures as well as the control activities.
- 2. Ensure that all financial and management information is sufficient, accurate and reliable.
- 3. Examine the established systems to ensure compliance with the internal rules and external regulations in force, assessing their suitability and effectiveness. So as to meet its goals, this area combines in-person audits with remote audits. MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.



The functions of the Management Committee are to manage, control and monitor the Bank and the Group; to monitor, control and evaluate the business units; to establish the commercial strategy and monitor its activity; to implement the targets and the

common commercial policy; to evaluate investments, transactions in the securities markets and finance structure; to analyse prices and propose intra-group rates and prices; to evaluate the Group's technological needs and make proposals for improving the system;

to coordinate the Bank with the different areas of the Group; and, lastly, to implement policies for managing subsidiaries and to monitor results. REGULATORY COMPLIANCE UNIT.

The Renta 4 Group has an independent unit in charge of the regulatory compliance that, through the right policies and procedures, detects and handles the risk of non-compliance with the organisation's duties, whether internal or external, in this respect. Furthermore, the unit reports and advises the management and employees about, and monitors compliance with, the internal rules across the organisation. The risk of non-compliance with the regulations could have an impact on the financial information.

Furthermore, the Renta 4 Group provides its clients with a Customer Service to learn, study and solve any complaints and claims they may have regarding the operations, agreements and financial services and, generally, their experience with the different entities making up the Renta 4 Group. This Customer Service is an extra control tool to detect any possible errors in the financial information after analysing the claims received.

ADMINISTRATION AND ACCOUNTANCY AREA.

The Administration and Accountancy Area of Renta 4 Banco is the area in charge of preparing and directly controlling the financial information, reporting directly to the senior management and the Board of Directors.

This area is in charge of the following tasks for the financial reporting:

- 1. Accountancy: in charge of the Bank's accountancy and ensuring compliance with the procedures set to control the quality and reliability of the information produced by the different areas in the Group.
- 2. Consolidation: in charge of the consolidation process and following up the information on subsidiaries and affiliates.
 - F.1.2 If any, especially in connection with the financial reporting process, the following elements:
 - Departments and/or mechanisms tasked with: (i) devising and reviewing the organisational structure; (ii) clearly defining the boundaries of responsibility and authority, with proper distribution of tasks and functions; and (iii) ensuring that sufficient procedures are in place to spread awareness of this across the company:

The devising and reviewing of the organisational structure as well as the drawing up of responsibilities and authority is undertaken by the Board of Directors by means of the CEO and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee (body made up of external members of the Board of Directors) with the support of the Management Committee.

The CEO and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee determine the assignment of tasks and functions, ensuring a suitable distribution of functions and a series of coordination systems between the different departments to ensure the efficiency of the transactions.

Code of conduct, approving body, dissemination and instruction, principles and values covered (stating whether it makes specific reference to record-keeping and financial reporting), body in charge of investigating breaches and proposing corrective or disciplinary action:

The Renta 4 Group has an Internal Code of Conduct adopted by the Board of Directors. This applies to all employees, proxies, executives, directors and representatives of the Group and it sets forth the principles and values that should govern the Group's actions. This Internal Code of Conduct sets a framework for action in the event of breach by the people subject to the Code.

Renta 4 Banco delivers this Internal Code of Conduct to all people affected by it, who in turn acknowledge its receipt and personally accept that they know, understand and accept the ICC as well as all the commitments contained therein.

The Regulatory Compliance unit is the body in charge of ensuring the appropriate distribution of this Code and its compliance. It will report to the Audit and Control Committee any non-compliances or bad practices detected and will propose the relevant disciplinary actions that should be then ratified by the appropriate governing body.

• Whistleblower channel, to inform the audit committee of irregularities of a financial and accounting nature, in addition to possible code of conduct infringements and irregular activities in the organisation, informing, where appropriate, whether it is confidential in nature and whether it allows anonymous communications, respecting the rights of the whistleblower and the reported party.

Any financial or accounting irregularities are reported to the Audit Committee through the Internal Auditor who attends all the Committee meetings and informs the Committee Chairman of such irregularities for them to be studied and remedied.



Furthermore, the Group has a whistleblowing channel where customers, employees and suppliers can inform of any alleged irregular conduct, non-compliance or illegal act committed in the course of the operations run by the companies making up the Renta 4 Group that could entail a criminal offence. This whistleblowing channel is confidential.

The Compliance Unit (made up of the Internal Audit Director, the Risk Management Director and the Regulatory Compliance Director) is the body that reports to the Audit and Control Committee and receives and analyses all the complaints. It has independent power to investigate and solve each case. The Compliance Unit reports its activity in handling the claims to the Board's Audit and Control Committee.

Training programmes and regular refresher courses for personnel involved in the preparation and review of financial information and the assessment of ICFR, covering at least accounting standards, auditing, internal control and risk management:

The Group develops training schemes for the entire staff, including employees who are directly involved in the financial reporting.

These schemes include permanent updates on regulatory changes in the operations conducted by the different companies in the Group, including the knowledge of the International Rules on Financial information and the applicable regulations enforced by the Bank of Spain, CNMV and the General Directorate of Insurance.

F.2. Assessment of risks related to financial information.

Report, at least, on:

- F.2.1 The main characteristics of the process for identification of risks, including the risk of error or fraud, as follows:
- Whether the process exists and is documented:

The Management of Renta 4 Bank is in charge of keeping an adequate internal control on the financial reporting. This internal control on the financial information is overseen by the Chairman of the Board and of the Audit and Control Committee so as to provide a reasonable level of assurance regarding the reliability of the financial information and the preparation of the disclosed consolidated financial statements of the Group that are reported under the rules in force at the time.

The main risks in the financial reporting process are:

- Errors from misapplying the accounting principles.
- Fraudulent financial information.
- Deficiencies in breaking down the information.

In order to minimise these risks in the financial reporting, the Renta 4 Group has automated practically all the accounting of the operations with clients. With regard to the processes with a manual element in financial reporting, we have identified the risks and controls or the minimising factors related to them so as to assess, supervise and conclude, for each of these and for the financial information as a whole, that they are reasonably free of material errors.

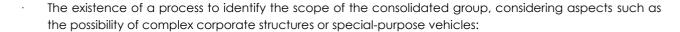
In addition to this, we run a series of conciliations to guarantee that the accounting information matches the information provided by third parties.

The Audit and Control Committee supervises the process followed to identify the risks pertaining the financial information as part of its duties to supervise and control the financial information.

Whether the process covers all financial reporting objectives (existence and occurrence, completeness, measurement, presentation, disclosure and comparability, and rights and obligations), whether it is updated and how often:

This process covers all financial information and especially focuses on identifying risks of material error based on the complexity of the transactions, the quantitative and qualitative relevance, the complexity of the calculations and the application of judgements and estimates. This process is updated depending on the change in the level of exposure to the risks inherent in the operations run by the Renta 4 Group.





The scope of consolidation of the Renta 4 Group is determined by the Administration and Accounting Area in line with the criteria foreseen by the relevant regulations.

The scope of consolidation is also supervised by the internal audit unit and by the external auditors.

Whether the process takes into account other types of risks (operational, technology, financial, legal, tax, reputational, environmental risk etc.), which may affect the financial statements:

The process takes into account the main risks affecting the Renta 4 Group, including operational, technological, financial, legal, reputational and other risks.

Which of the entity's governing bodies supervises the process:

This internal control on the financial information is overseen by the Chairman of the Board and of the Audit and Control Committee so as to provide a reasonable level of assurance regarding the reliability of the financial information and the preparation of the disclosed consolidated financial statements of the Group that are reported under the rules in force at the time.

F.3. Control activities.

Specify, indicating any salient features, if it has at least:

F.3.1 Procedures to review and authorise the financial reporting and description of the ICFR to be disclosed in the securities markets, indicating the people in charge and the documents describing the work flows and controls (including those related to fraud risk) of the different types of transactions that may have a material impact on the financial statements, including the procedure for the year-end closing and the special reviewing of the relevant judgements, estimates, assessments and forecasts

There are a series of checks in place for the transactions that could have a material impact on the financial statements.

These checks are fundamentally based on the following aspects:

- Confirmation of transactions: checks to ensure the completeness and accuracy of the transactions recorded.
- Checks based on the conciliation of relevant transactions, positions and parameters.
- Assessment: running checks on the assessment methods, hypothesis and inputs used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments.
- Taxes: internal checks to ensure that the tax calculations are appropriate and the balances are duly posted in the financial statements with the help of the Group's external tax consultancy firm.
- Adjustments based on estimates: checks to ensure that the techniques used to prepare the estimates are based on previously disclosed and authorised iudgements.
- Checks on the consolidation and other processes in the year-end closing: The checks on the consolidation include, among other measures, verifying the accounting entries posted to eliminate inter and intra-group operations and the review of the adjustments made after the year-end closing.
- Filing and breaking down the financial statements: final review of the financial statements by the Group's senior management, especially by the financial area with prior checks run by the Administration and Accounting area and the Audits Unit.



F.3.2 Internal control policies and procedures for IT systems (including access security, control of changes, system operation, continuity and separation of duties) giving support to key Company processes involved in the preparation and publication of financial information.

The Renta 4 Group keeps different levels of access security on the IT systems that support the preparation and disclosure of the financial information to guarantee the right segregation of the functions within the accounting process, and to avoid intrusions in this regard.

The IT systems are exposed to the business continuity risk that arises from possible contingencies due to failed communications, power cuts, faulty hardware or software and other unexpected events or disasters.

The Renta 4 Group has a business continuity plan in accordance with the applicable regulations and it translates into different plans to tackle the aforementioned risks.

F.3.3 Internal control policies and procedures designed to supervise the management of third-party subcontracted activities, in addition to any evaluation, calculation or appraisal tasks entrusted to independent experts that may have a material impact on the financial statements.

The Renta 4 Group does not outsource any relevant activities that would have a material impact on the Group's financial statements. However, it maintains an outsourcing policy that establishes the processes of approval and review of compliance by third parties.

F.4. Information and reporting.

Specify, indicating any salient features, if it has at least:

F.4.1 A specific function in charge of defining and maintaining accounting policies (accounting policies area or department) and resolving queries or settling disputes over their interpretation, which is in regular communication with the team in charge of operations, and a manual of accounting policies regularly updated and communicated to all the Company's operating units.

The Administration and Accounting Area is responsible for the appropriate application of the accounting rules in financial reporting. Along with preparing the accounting records, their functions are:

- Defining the Group's accounting policies and procedures.
- Analysing any given operations and/or transactions to be posted accordingly.
- Assessing the potential impacts of plans to change regulations.
- Solve any in-house doubts.

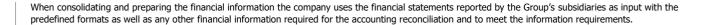
The Administration and Accounting Area is in contact with the external auditors for any doubts about the posting of operations and/or transactions.

F.4.2 Mechanisms to capture and prepare the financial information with consistent formats, to be implemented and used by all units in the Company or group, which support the main financial statements and the notes, in addition to any information provided on the ICFR.

The main computer systems used for the financial reporting by the Renta 4 Group are centralised and linked.

There are procedures and checks in place to ensure the adequate development and maintenance of such systems and their correct operation, continuity and security.





F.5. Supervision of system operation.

Provide information, stating the main features, on at least:

F.5.1 ICFR supervisory activities conducted by the audit committee and whether the entity has an internal audit department whose competences include supporting the committee in its oversight of the internal control system, including ICFR. Likewise, specify the scope of the ICFR assessment conducted during the year and the procedure followed by the person in charge of the assessment to report the findings, whether the entity has an action plan detailing the corrective measures, and whether their impact on the financial information has been taken into account.

The Audit and Control Committee oversees that the financial reporting runs smoothly by directly supervising the internal audit unit and the work performed by the external auditors.

In parallel, the Audit and Control Committee may ask for help from the employees in the different areas in the Group to gather information on the existence of weaknesses that may have a significant impact on the financial information.

The Group's senior management, based on the information received from the audit areas, both internal and external, and the information on inspection procedures followed by regulatory bodies, will assess the effectiveness of the ICFR.

F.5.2 Whether the company has a discussion procedure whereby the accounts auditor (in accordance with what is set forth in the NTAs), the internal audit staff and other experts are able to inform senior management and the audit committee or company directors of any significant weaknesses in internal control identified during the processes of review of annual financial statements or any others entrusted to them. State also whether the entity has an action plan to correct or mitigate the weaknesses found.

The Internal Audit unit informs the senior management and the Audit and Control Committee of any relevant weaknesses in the internal control identified during the year's reviews.

Furthermore, the Group's accounts auditor is in direct contact with the Group's senior management and holds regular meetings with them to obtain the information needed for his/her work and to report any weaknesses in the control detected in the course of his/her duties. Regarding the weaknesses, the external auditors provide the senior management with yearly and half-yearly reports detailing the weaknesses in the internal control found in the course of his/her duties. The accounts auditor will also inform the Audit and Control Committee of the findings of his/her review of the Group's financial statements including any aspects that he/she may deem relevant.

The Internal Audit area regularly follows up the action plans resulting from the external auditor's recommendations and informs the Audit and Control Committee of their progress at least once a year depending on the relevance of the situation.

F.6. Other significant information.

No additional issues to be disclosed have been identified.



F.7. External auditor's report.

Report:

F.7.1 If the ICFR information supplied to the market has been reviewed by the external auditor, the corresponding report should be attached. If this is not the case, it should explain why.

The Renta 4 Group deemed that a report from the external auditor on the ICFR would be redundant, mainly because the external auditors conduct, on a half-yearly basis, an audit on the consolidated financial statements or a limited review of the summarised interim consolidated financial statements within the framework of the auditing regulations, and discusses with the Audit and Control Committee any relevant aspects or incidents.

G. EXTENT TO WHICH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE RECOMMENDATIONS ARE FOLLOWED

Please indicate the extent to which the company has followed the recommendations of the Code of Good Governance of Listed Companies.

Should the company not comply with any of the recommendations or comply only in part, include a detailed th

		of the reasons so th	nat shareholders, investors and eral explanations are not acc	d the market in general ho	ive enough information to assess	
The bylaws of listed companies should not place an upper limit on the votes the shareholder, or impose other obstacles to the takeover of the company by accompany by accompany by accompany.						
		Complies [X]	Explain []			
2.	anoth entity	That, when the listed company is controlled, within the meaning of Article 42 of the Commercial Code, by another entity, whether listed or not, and has, directly or through its subsidiaries, business relations with said entity or any of its subsidiaries (other than those of the listed company) or carries out activities related to those of any of them, it should publicly disclose precisely the following:				
	a)	The respective areas of activity and any business relationships between, on the one hand, the listed company or its subsidiaries and, on the other hand, the parent company or its subsidiaries.				
	b)	The mechanisms	in place to resolve any confli	cts of interest that may aris	se.	
		Complies []	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable [X]	
3.	detai	I of the most relevo	eral meeting, the chairman cant aspects of the company's	s corporate governance, s		
	a)	a) Of the changes that have occurred since the last ordinary general meeting.				
	mendations of the Code of natter.					
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []		

ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT FOR LISTED COMPANIES

Complies [X] Partially complies []

4.	The company will define and promote a policy of communication and contact with shareholders and institutional investors within the framework of their participation at the company, as well as with the proxy advisors, respecting the rules on market abuse and treating shareholders who are in the same position equally. And the company should make this policy public via its website, including information on the way it has been put into practice and identifying the interlocutors or persons responsible for carrying this out.				
	regula econo social	ated information, the omic-financial, non- networks or other o	e company should also have financial and corporate infor	he dissemination of inside inform a general policy regarding the mation through the channels it a ise the dissemination and qualit ers.	communication of deems appropriate (media,
		Complies []	Partially complies [X]	Explain []	
ameno althou	dments to gh the Co	the good governance reco	mmendations approved by the CNMV in J	s internal policies in order to adapt them, if rune 2020. This recommendation is complied icy on reporting and contacting with shareho	with,
5.	shares		urities excluding the right to p	eral meeting a proposal of dele referential purchase, for an amo	-
	to pre		the Company should immedi	ue of shares or convertible secu ately publish on its website the r	
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	
6.	them		h sufficient notice before the	below, either in mandatory or v ordinary general meeting is held	
	a)	Report on the exte	rnal auditor's independence.		
	b)	Reports of proceed	dings of the audit committees	and the appointments and ren	nuneration committee.
	c)	Audit committee r	eport on related-party transac	ctions.	

Explain []

7.	The Company broadcasts live, via its website, the holding of general meetings of shareholders.			of shareholders.	
	mear	ns and even, in	has mechanisms that allow the case of highly-capitalis participation in the General S	ed companies and to	
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	
8.	gene cases should summ	ral meeting of sha s in which the audi d clearly explain th nary of said opinion e call of the meetir	ne audit committee ['] s opinion on available to shareholders at	cordance with accounting n in its audit report, the ch on its content and scope of the time of publication	
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	
9.	The Company should make public on its website, permanently, the requirements and procedures it will accept to prove ownership of shares, the right to attend the general meeting of shareholders and the exercise or delegation of voting rights.				
			and procedures facilitate the n-discriminatory manner.	shareholders' attendance	e and the exercise of their rights
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	
10.		· -	nareholder has exercised, prion ne agenda or to submit new re		_
	a)	Immediately disse	eminates such additional item	s and new resolution prop	osals.
	b) Makes public the attendance card model or form of proxy or remote voting with the changes required so that the new items on the agenda and alternative resolution proposals can be voted on, in the terms proposed by the board of directors.				=
	c)		•		ing rules are applied to them otions or inferences about the
	d)	Announces, after points or alternat	the general meeting of share ive proposals.	holders, the breakdown o	f the vote on such additional
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []

11.	In the event that the Company plans to pay premiums to attend the general meeting of shareholders, it will previously establish a general policy on such premiums and this policy is stable.							
	С	omplies []	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable [X]			
12.	shareho understa	The Board of Directors will perform its duties with unity of purpose and independent judgment, and it will treat all shareholders who are in the same position equally and guide itself by the Company's interests which are understood as achieving a profitable and sustainable long-term business, to promote the Company's continuity and maximise its economic value.						
	faith, eth endeav employe	In pursuing the Company's interests, in addition to complying with laws and regulations and acting in good faith, ethically and respecting the commonly accepted uses and good practices, the Board of Directors will endeavour to reconcile the Company's interests with, where applicable, the legitimate interests of its employees, its suppliers, its customers and those of other stakeholders that may be affected, as well as the impact of the Company's activities on the community as a whole and in the environment.						
	С	omplies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []				
13.		dings, which make	=	r to implement efficient and Ird should have between five				
	С	omplies [X]	Explain []					
14.	That the board of directors approves a policy aimed at encouraging an appropriate composition of the board of directors and that:							
	a) Is	specific and veri	fiable.					
	b) ensure that proposals for appointment or reappointment are based on a prior analysis of the competencies required by the board; and							
	c) promotes the diversity of knowledge, experience, age and gender. For these purposes, measures that encourage the company to have a significant number of female senior managers are considered to favour gender diversity.							
	committ	tee's report justify	ing the appointments to be	ies required by the board of e published when the genero election of each director is su	al meeting of shareholders is			
		ointments comm te governance re		mpliance with this policy and	d inform thereof in the annual			
	С	omplies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []				

15.	and t	The proprietary directors and independent directors constitute a significant majority of the Board of Directors and the number of executive directors is kept to the minimum necessary, having regard to the complexity of the corporate group and the percentage shareholding of the executive directors in the Company's share capital.				
			female directors should ac 2022 and thereafter, and no		e members of the board of that date.	
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []		
16.		ortion between the	rietary directors over the to capital represented by suc		ors is not higher than the nder of the Company's share	
	This c	riterion may be rec	duced:			
	a)	In large-cap com	panies where the sharehold	dings legally considered sig	gnificant are low.	
	b)	In companies where there is a diversity of shareholders represented on the board of directors and there are no links between them.				
		Complies [X]	Explain []			
17.	The n	umber of independ	dent directors represents at	least half of all directors.		
	sever	al shareholders ac	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nore than 30% of the share	capitalised, it has a shareholder or capital, the number of independent	
		Complies [X]	Explain []			
18.		panies should post anently updated:	the following director partic	culars on their websites, an	d keep them	
	a)	Professional and biographical profile.				
	b)	Other boards of directors on which they sit, whether or not these belong to listed companies, as well as other remunerated activities in which they may be involved.				
	c)	The category to which the director belongs, where applicable, stating, in the case of proprietary directors, the shareholder they represent or to whom they have links.				
	d)	Date when they were first appointed as a director of the company, as well as the dates of any subsequent reappointments.				
	e)	Their holdings of c	company shares and their st	ock options.		
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []		

19.	9. The Annual Corporate Governance Report, with prior verification by the Appointments Committee, explains reasons for the appointment of proprietary directors at the request of shareholders whose shareholding is less than 3% of the share capital; and reasons are given why formal requests for a seat on the board from shareholders with a stake equal to or greater than that of others, at whose request proprietary directors were appointed, have not been respected.			
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []
20.	shareholding. If such sh	ender their resignation when the nareholders reduce their stakes, umber should be reduced acco	thereby losing some of	
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []
21.	for which they were appropriate from the Appointment new post or takes on any the duties associated work when the director is accordance with the parameters or other similar	opointed, except where just cause committee. It shall be understoom duties that prevent him/her	use is found by the Board bood that there is just cau from devoting the nece director fails to carry out h cause him/her to lose icable.	use when the director takes up a assary time to the performance of the duties inherent to his/her post his/her independent status in result of public buy-outs, structure of the Company's
	Complies [X]	Explain []		

22.	arise that affect them, the credit and reputat	whether or not related to the	ir performance in the comparticular, obliging them to i	opriate, to resign when situations cany itself, that could damage inform the board of any criminal my such proceedings.
	preceding paragraph, circumstances, decide not to adopt any mea or proposing his or her there are particular cir	e, following a report from the co sure, such as opening an inter removal. And to report thereco cumstances that justify it, whice the information that the comp	ne case as soon as possible appointments and remuner and investigation, requesting in the annual corporate the chall be recorded in the	and, in view of the particular ration committee, whether or ag the resignation of the director governance report, unless
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	
23.	Directors for decision of directors in particular,		oany's interests. Moreover, ential conflict of interest, sho	independent directors and other ould do the same in the case of
	director has expressed	·	equently opts to resign, the	natters with regard to which the ensuing conclusions drawn and owing recommendation.
	This recommendation director.	also extends to the secretary t	to the board of directors, e	ven if the secretary is not a
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []
24.	their term of office, the		ne reasons for their resignat	_
	extent that it is relevan		hould publish the resignation	rate governance report, to the on as soon as possible, including
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []



25.	In addition, the Appointments Committee will ensure that non-executive directors have sufficient time to properly perform their duties.			
	And that the Board reg	gulations sets the maximum n	umber of boards of which the directors may form p	art.
	Complies []	Partially complies [X]	Explain []	
regula devote	tions applied to the Company as a sufficient time to efficiently perf	a credit entity. For this reason, the princ orm their duties and to know the Compa	on which the Company's directors may sit but such limit is set forth in t ple given by the recommendation is met. In other words, the directors s ny's business and the governance rules that govern it and they meet its of the limits set in the regulations in this regard.	should
26.	eight times a year, follo		as required in order to carry out its role effectively, genda established at the start of the year, with eaciginally on the agenda.	
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	
27.	7. Directors' absences should be limited to the bare minimum and quantified in the Annual Corporate Governance Report. And, when they must occur, instructions are given to proxies.			
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	
28.	directors, about the Co	ompany's progress and such	ns about a particular proposal or, in the case of the concerns are not resolved within the Board of Direcever expressed such concerns.	
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain [] Non applicable []	
29.			ectors to obtain the advice they need to carry out at the Company's expense.	their
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	
30.	-	of the knowledge required o r programmes when circums	f the Directors to perform their duties, the Company ances so warrant.	/ will also
	Complies [X]	Explain []	Non applicable []	

31.	The agenda of the sessions clearly indicates the points on which the Board of Directors will adopt a decision or agreement so that directors can study or seek, in advance, the information required for its adoption.				
	Directors any decisions		n the agenda, this will re	or the approval of the Board of quire the express prior consent of t	he
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []		
32.	=	gularly informed of the movem and rating agencies have of t	-	d of the opinions that significant oup.	
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []		
33.	exercising the function schedule of dates and and, where applicable of the board and of the e	-	the bylaws, should preparate and coordinate regulars chief executive; take refersions that sufficient times.	are and submit to the board a ar assessment of the board	
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []		
34.	the powers legally entitions. Chairman and Vice-Chairman and share with investors and share	tled, attribute him/her the follo	owing: chairing the Board oncerns of non-executive ws in order to form an op		;
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []	
35.				ectors is aware of recommendation ode of Good Governance for lister	
	Complies [X]	Explain []			

financial.

Complies [X]

Partially complies []

ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT FOR LISTED COMPANIES

36.	The complete Board of Directors should evaluate, once a year, and adopt, where applicable, an action plan to correct deficiencies identified with respect to:					
	a)	The quality and ef	ficiency of operation of the boar	d of directors.		
	b)	The operations and	d the composition of its committe	ees.		
	c)	The diversity of Boo	ard membership and competen	ces.		
	d)	The performance Company.	of the Chairman of the Board of	Directors and the Chief	Executive Officer of the	
	e)		and contribution of each Directoous board committees.	or, paying particular atte	ention to those who are in	
The evaluation of the various committees will be based on the reports they submit to the Board of and for the latter, evaluation will be based on the one submitted by the Appointments Committee						
Every three years, the Board of Directors will be assisted to carry out the evaluation by an external whose independence will be verified by the Appointments Committee.					on by an external consultant,	
	Business relationships that the consultant or any Company in its group have with the Company or any Company of its group should be detailed in the annual corporate governance report.					
The process and the evaluated areas will be further described in the annual corporate gov				porate governance report.		
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []		
37.			ve committee, at least two non- ndent; and its secretary should b			
		Complies []	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable [X]	
38. The Board of Directors is always aware of matters dealt with and decisions adopted by the Executive Committee and all the members of the board receive a copy of the minutes of the meetings of the Executi Committee.						
		Complies []	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable [X]	

The members of the audit committee as a whole, and especially its chairman, should be appointed with regard to their knowledge and experience in accounting, auditing and risk management, both financial and non-

Explain []



40.	Under the supervision of the audit committee, there should be a unit that assumes the internal audit function to ensure the proper functioning of the information and internal control systems, which are functionally dependent on the non-executive Chairman of the Board or the Audit Committee.				
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []		
41.	committee for approval and limitations on scope	by the latter or by the board	d, report to it directly on its coment, the results and follow	annual work plan to the audit execution, including any incidents v-up of its recommendations, and	
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []	



- 42. In addition to those as legally established, the Audit Committee is responsible for the following:
- 1. With regard to information systems and internal control:
 - a) Supervise and evaluate the preparation process and the integrity of financial and non-financial information, as well as the control and management systems for financial and non-financial risks relating to the company and, where appropriate, the group including operational, technological, legal, social, environmental, political, reputational and corruption-related risks reviewing compliance with regulatory requirements, the appropriate delimitation of the scope of consolidation and the correct application of accounting criteria.
 - b) Ensure the independence and effectiveness of the internal audit processes, proposing the election, appointment, re-election and removal of the head of the internal audit division in addition to proposing the budget for this service, approving or propose the approval of both orientation and operating plans of the internal audit, ensuring that their activity is focused mainly on the risks that are relevant to the Company (including those related to reputation), receiving regular information on their activities and verifying that senior management is taking into account the conclusions and recommendations of the Committee's reports.
 - c) Establish and supervise a mechanism that allows employees and other persons related to the company, such as directors, shareholders, suppliers, contractors or subcontractors, to report potentially significant irregularities, including financial and accounting irregularities, or any other type of irregularity they may notice within the company or its group. This mechanism should guarantee confidentiality and, in any case, provide for cases in which communications can be made anonymously, respecting the rights of the complainant and the accused.
 - d) To generally ensure that established internal control policies and systems are effectively implemented in practice.
- 2. With regard to the external auditor:
 - a) Examine the circumstances behind the resignation of the external auditor, should this occur.
 - b) Ensure that the remuneration for the external auditor for his or her work does not compromise his or her integrity or independence.
 - c) Ensure that the Company notifies the change of auditor to the CNMV and that this notification is accompanied by a statement citing any disagreements the Company may have had with the outgoing auditor and, if there were such disagreements, to discuss them.
 - d) Ensure that the external auditor annually holds a meeting with the full Board of Directors to report on the work done and the evolution of the Company's accounting and risk situation.
 - e) Ensure that the Company and the external auditor adhere to current regulations regarding the provision of non-audit services as well as the limits on the auditor's business concentration and, in general, the other rules on auditor independence.

Complies [X	Partially complies []	Explain []

43.	The Audit Committee may summon any employee or executive of the Company; this includes appearances without the presence of any other executive.						
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []			
44.	Comp	cany plans to carry	ould be informed of the opera out, for analysis and prelimina counting impact, and especio	ary report to the Board o	f Directors on their economic		
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []		
45.	The c	ontrol and risk mar	nagement policy should speci	fy or determine at least:			
	a)	The different types of financial and non-financial risks (including operational, technological, legal, business, environmental, political and reputational, as well as those related to corruption) that the Company faces, including financial and economic risks, contingent liabilities and other off-balance sheet risks.					
	b)	A risk control and management model based on different levels, of which a specialised risk committee shall form part when the sector regulations so provide or when the company deems it appropriate.					
	c)	The level of risk that the company considers acceptable.					
d) The measures planned to mitigate the impact of identified risks, should they materiali					hey materialise.		
	e)		and internal control syste I risks, including contingent lial		control and manage the et risks.		
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []			
46.	Under the direct supervision of the Audit Committee or, if any, of a specialised committee of the Board of Directors, there is an internal function of risk control and management exercised by a unit or internal department of the Company that has expressly attributed the following functions:						
	a)	Ensure the proper functioning of the control and risk management systems and, in particular, that all the important risks affecting the Company are adequately identified, managed and quantified.					
	b)	Actively participate in the development of a risk strategy and take part in the important decisions concerning risk management.					
	c)	Ensure that the control and risk management systems in place adequately mitigate the risks within the framework of the policy defined by the Board of Directors.					
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []			



47.	Members of the Appointments and Remuneration Committee – or both Committees if they were separate – are designated by ensuring that they have the knowledge, skills and experience appropriate to the duties that they are to perform and that most of these members are independent directors.					
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []		
48.		y-capitalized comp mittee.	anies have an Appointments Co	ommittee and a separate Remuneration		
		Complies []	Explain []	Non applicable [X]		
49.			mittee should consult with the co matters relating to executive dir	empany's Chairman of the Board of Directors and chief rectors.		
	Any Director may request that the Appointments Committee take into consideration potential candidates to fill director vacancies if he/she feels that they are suitable.					
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []		
50.	The duties of the remuneration committee must be exercised with independence and include, in addition to those indicated by law, the following:					
	a)	Propose to the Board of Directors the standard conditions for senior officers' employment contracts.				
	b)	Check compliance with the remuneration policy set by the company.				
	c)	Periodically review the remuneration policy applied to directors and senior officers, as well as the remuneration systems that include shares and how they are implemented, in addition to guaranteeing that their individual remuneration is proportional to that which is paid to other directors and senior officers of the Company.				
	d)	Ensure that any conflicts of interest do not interfere with the independence of the external advice given to the committee.				
	e)		tion on directors' and senior offic ding the annual report on direct	cers' remuneration found in various corporate ors' remuneration.		
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []		
51.			mittee should consult with the Chectors and senior officers.	nairman and chief executive, especially on matters		
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []		

ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT FOR LISTED COMPANIES

- 52. The rules regarding the composition and proceedings of the supervisory and control committees should be listed in the Board Regulations and be consistent with those applicable to the legally mandatory committees under the foregoing recommendations, including the following:
 - a) They should be composed exclusively of non-executive directors, with a majority of independent directors.
 - b) The chairmen should be independent directors.
 - c) The board of directors should appoint the members of these committees, taking into account the knowledge, skills and experience of the directors and the responsibilities of each committee; deliberate on its proposals and reports; and, at the first plenary session of the board after their meetings, receive an account of their activity and a report on the work carried out.
 - d) The committees should seek external advice when they deem it necessary to perform their duties.

e)	Minutes of meeti	ngs should be taken, and copi	es sent to all directors.	
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []

53. The supervision of compliance with the company's environmental, social and corporate governance policies and rules, as well as internal codes of conduct, should be assigned to one or more committees of the board of directors, which may be the audit committee, the appointments committee, a committee specialising in sustainability or corporate social responsibility or any other specialised committee that the board of directors, in exercise of its powers of self-organisation, has decided to create. This committee should only be made up of non-executive directors, the majority of whom should be independent, and should be specifically assigned the minimum functions indicated in the following recommendation.

Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []

ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT FOR LISTED COMPANIES

54. The minimum functions referred to in the above recommendation are	ıre as follows:
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- a) Supervision of compliance with corporate governance rules and the company's internal codes of conduct, also ensuring that the corporate culture is aligned with its purpose and values.
- b) The supervision of the application of the general policy relating to the communication of economic-financial, non-financial and corporate information as well as communication with shareholders and investors, proxy advisors and other stakeholders. The way in which the entity communicates and relates to small and medium-sized shareholders will also be monitored.
- c) Regular assessment and review of the adequacy of the Company's corporate governance system and environmental and social policy, so that it may fulfil its mission of promoting its social activities and keep the legitimate interests of other stakeholders in mind.
- d) Monitoring that the company's environmental and social practices are in line with the strategy and policy established.

e)	Supervising and evaluating relations with differ		keholders.
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []

- 55. That sustainability policies in environmental and social matters identify and include at least:
 - a) The principles, commitments, objectives and strategy with regard to shareholders, employees, customers, suppliers, social issues, the environment, diversity, fiscal responsibility, respect for human rights and the prevention of corruption and other illegal conduct.
 - b) The methods or systems for monitoring compliance with policies, associated risks and their management.
 - c) Non-financial risk supervision mechanisms, including those related to ethical and business conduct issues.
 - d) The channels of communication, participation and dialogue with stakeholders.
 - e) Responsible communication practices that prevent manipulation of information and protect integrity and honour.

Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	

56. Directors' remuneration is what is necessary to attract and retain directors with a desirable profile, to compensate them for the dedication, qualifications and responsibility that the position entails, and to ensure that the amount does not interfere with the independence of non-executive directors' decisions.

Complies	[Y]	Explain	Г	1
Compiles	A	EXPIGIT	ı	П

57.	Executive directors are restricted to variable remuneration linked to the performance of the Company and to their personal performance, as is the remuneration in the form of shares, stock options or rights to shares or instruments that are referenced to the value of the stock and long-term savings systems such as pension plans, retirement schemes or other social security systems.				
	they h	nold them until the	nuneration can be contemplate y cease to be directors. The fore opropriate, to meet the costs re	egoing will not apply to	
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	
58.	safeg	uards to ensure the	emuneration, remuneration poli ey reflect the professional perfo or the company's activity sector	rmance of the recipier	nts and not only the general
	And ir	n particular, the va	riable components of remuner	ations:	
	a)		to performance criteria that are ne risk taken to obtain a result.	predetermined and r	neasurable, and these criteria
	b)	creating long-terr			ancial criteria that are suitable for rocedures of the Company and its
	c)	and long-term ob of time that is suffi	ured on the basis of a balance lipectives, to remunerate output icient to appreciate the contribers measuring this performance ts.	for continuous perform ution to the sustainabl	nance over a period e creation of value, in such
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []
59.	perfoi annu	rmance or other coal directors' remune	e components of remuneration of components of remuneration of components of remuneration of components of componen	een effectively met. The ding the time required	
	period	d of time of the pa		ole components that e	ased on the deferral for a sufficient entails their total or partial loss in the sable to do so.
		Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []

60.	In the case of remuneration linked to company earnings, deductions should be computed for any qualifications stated in the external auditor's report.							
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []				
61.	= :	age of the variable remuneratio nancial instruments referenced		should be linked to the				
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []				
62.		options or financial instruments directors may not transfer owne	·	emuneration systems have been until at least three years have				
	economic exposure to	An exception is made in the case where the director maintains, at the time of the transfer or exercise, a net economic exposure to the variation in the price of the shares for a market value equivalent to an amount of at least twice their annual fixed remuneration through the ownership of shares, options or other financial instruments.						
	related to their acquis	The foregoing shall not apply to shares that the director needs to dispose of in order to meet the costs related to their acquisition or, subject to the favourable opinion of the Appointments and Remuneration Committee, in order to deal with extraordinary situations that so require.						
	Complies [X]	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []				
63.	Contractual agreements include a clause that allows the Company to claim reimbursement of variable components of remuneration when payment has not been adjusted to the return conditions or when they have been paid based on data that are subsequently credited with inaccuracy.							
	Complies []	Partially complies []	Explain [X]	Non applicable []				
	nechanisms are foreseen in this re e directors' remuneration policy.	espect other than those included in the appli	cable mercantile regulations, alth	ough the content of this recommendation is includ				
64.	of total annual remun	Payments for contract resolution or termination do not exceed the established amount equivalent to two years of total annual remuneration and they are not paid until the Company has been able to verify that the director has met the criteria or requirements previously established to qualify for it.						
	payments whose acc	For the purposes of this recommendation, termination or contractual termination payments shall include any payments whose accrual or payment obligation arises as a result of or in connection with the termination of the contractual relationship between the director and the company, including amounts not previously vested in long-term savings schemes and amounts paid under post-contractual non-competition agreements.						
	Complies []	Partially complies [X]	Explain []	Non applicable []				



Severance payments for contract termination will be an amount equal to the accrued and vested part of the annual variable remuneration, as appropriate, and regarding the deferred part, the total amount of the deferred payment, and in the event of a resignation, the accrued and vested part of the annual variable remuneration, as appropriate, in accordance with the regulations, until the date of contract termination.



H. OTHER INFORMATION OF INTEREST

- If you consider that there is any material aspect or principle relating to the Corporate Governance practices
 followed by your company that has not been addressed in this report and which is necessary to provide a
 more comprehensive view of the corporate governance structure and practices at the company or group,
 explain briefly.
- 2. Any other information, clarification or observation related to the above sections of this report may be included in this section insofar as they are relevant and not repetitive.
 - Specifically indicate whether the company is subject to corporate governance legislation from a country other than Spain and, if so, include the compulsory information to be provided when different to that required by this report.
- 3. Also state whether the company voluntarily subscribes to other international, sectorial or other ethical principles or standard practices. If applicable identify the code and date of adoption. In particular, it will be specified whether the Company has adhered to the Code of Good Tax Practice of 20 June 2010:
- C.1.12. The Company's Board Regulations do not specify a maximum number of boards on which the Company's directors may sit but such limit is set forth in the regulations applied to the Company as a credit entity. For this reason, the principle given by the recommendation is met. In other words, the directors should devote sufficient time to efficiently perform their duties and to know the Company's business and the governance rules that govern it and they meet its purpose despite not fully observing the recommendation and all the directors are aware of the limits set in the regulations in this regard.

D.3: Details of related parties (breakdown):

Name or company name Name of the company Link Nature of the operation Amount Body approving the operation

MS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO INCOME 4 CONTRACTUAL BANK PROVISION OF SERVICES 4 USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY MS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO INCOME 4 CORPORATE BANK DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED 3 BOARD OF DIRECTORS -GENERAL MEETING

MS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO INCOME 4 CONTRACTUAL BANK CURRENT ACCOUNTS 13 USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ

GARCIA INCOME 4 CONTRACTUAL BANK PROVISION OF SERVICES 2 USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA RENTA 4 BANCO SOCIETARIA DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED 49 BOARD OF DIRECTORS -GENERAL MEETING

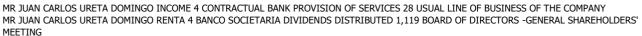
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA RENTA 4 BANCO CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 30 O TRÁFICO HABITUAL DE LA ENTIDAD MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA RENTA 4 BANCO CONTRACTUAL OTHER OPS. 13 GUARANTEES USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY

MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ RENT 4 CONTRACTUAL BANK RENDERING OF SERVICES 1 USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ RENTA 4 BANCO SOCIETARIA DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED 63 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ INCOME 4 CONTRACTUAL BANK CURRENT ACCOUNTS 17 USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY

MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA RENTA 4 CONTRACTUAL BANK RENDERING OF SERVICES 14 USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY

MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA RENTA 4 BANCO SOCIETARIA DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED 148 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA RENTA 4 BANCO CONTRACTUAL CURRENT ACCOUNTS 241 USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY





MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO RENTA 4 CONTRACTUAL BANK CURRENT ACCOUNTS 15 USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY

MR SANTIAGO JOSE GONZALEZ ENCISO RENTA 4 CONTRACTUAL BANK COMMITMENTS ACQUIRED 700 USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY MR SANTIAGO JOSE GONZALEZ ENCISO RENTA 4 BANCO SOCIETARIA DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED 206 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

MR SANTIAGO JOSE GONZALEZ ENCISO RENTA 4 BANCO CONTRACTUAL GUARANTEES GRANTED 1,158 USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY MR SANTIAGO JOSE GONZALEZ ENCISO RENTA 4 BANCO CONTRACTUAL AC. DE FINANC. 288 LOANS USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY

MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES RENTA 4 CONTRACTUAL BANK COMMITMENTS ACQUIRED 170 USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES RENTA 4 BANCO CONTRACTUAL GUARANTEES GRANTED 388 USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES RENTA 4 BANCO SOCIETARIA DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED 12 BOARD OF DIRECTORS -GENERAL MEETING MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES RENTA 4 BANCO CONTRACTUAL AC. DE FINANC. 161 LOANS USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY MR JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES RENTA 4 BANCO CONTRACTUAL OTHER OPS. 23 GUARANTEES USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY

MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA-JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ RENTA 4 CONTRACTUAL BANK COMMITMENTS ACQUIRED 30 USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA-JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ INCOME 4 CORPORATE BANK DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED 6 BOARD OF DIRECTORS -GENERAL MEETING MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA-JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ RENTA 4 BANCO CONTRACTUAL AC. DE FINANC. 30 LOANS USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY

MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ INCOME 4 CORPORATE BANK DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED 5 BOARD OF DIRECTORS -GENERAL MEETING MR EDUARDO CHACON

LOPEZ INCOME 4 CONTRACT BANK CURRENT ACCOUNTS 20 USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY

MS PILAR GARCÍA GARCÍA CEBALLOS-ZUÑIGA RENTA 4 BANCO SOCIETARIA DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED 1 BOARD OF DIRECTORS -GENERAL MEETING MS PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS-ZUÑIGA RENTA 4 CONTRACTUAL BANK CURRENT ACCOUNTS 31 USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY

MS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO INCOME 4 CORPORATE BANK DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED 5 BOARD OF DIRECTORS -GENERAL MEETING MS INES JUSTE

BELLOSILLO INCOME 4 CONTRACTUAL BANK CURRENT ACCOUNTS 11 USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY

MR JESÚS SANCHEZ-QUIÑONES GONZALEZ RENTA 4 BANCO SOCIETARIA DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED 91 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS' MEFTING

MR JESÚS SANCHEZ-QUIÑONES GONZALEZ INCOME 4 CONTRACTUAL BANK CURRENT ACCOUNTS 15 USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY

MS MARÍA DEL PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA RENTA 4 BANCO SOCIETARIA DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED 1 BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS MEFTING

Th	nis annual corporate governance report was approved by the Company's Board of Directors at its meeting held:
	February 21, 2023
Lis	st whether any directors voted against or abstained from voting on the approval of this Report.



[] Yes [√] No